THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Vol. [illegible] Herrington ws4dec23 —E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. $1.50 per year in advance

NAPANEE, ONTARIO, CANADA—TUESDAY, MAY 15th, 1923.

Its Sale is Phenomenal—
Its Quality is Irreproachable

"SALADA"
TEA
H259

Is the Purest and Most Cleanly Prepared Tea in the World

DOXSEE & CO.

Summer Millinery

Introducing all the newest Models and Trimmings of the season. Most of these are exclusive designs. The leading shades are White, Black, Navy, Grey, Sand and White, Mountain Haze and Mimosa. Including choice selections of Sport Hats in all colors.

SILK AND LISLE HOSE

In Black, Sand, Grey, and Brown, in all sizes from 8½ to 10. Special value.

NECKWEAR

See our new Collar and Cuff Setts in Ratine, Linen, Lace and Paisley. Prices moderate.

CORSETS A SPECIALTY

The Leading Millinery House

Clothes with Character

Good Material, Fit, Tailoring, at a price you can pay.

Made to Order

$25, 30, 35, 40 and 45 a Suit.

W.W.ADAMS
MERCHANT TAILOR
Newburgh, - Ont.

H. W. GALLAGHER

The People's Auctioneer

My experience in handling a number of very successful sales has convinced my patrons that I am capable of handling any sale and guarantee to give you perfect satisfaction.

Leave your sales with me.

H. W. GALLAGHER.
Phone 10 ring 1-3,
Adolphustown. 11-3-m

CHAS. STEVENS

Agent for the Northwest Fire Insurance Company.

This company is guaranteed by the Union Assurance Society of London, England.
Office opposite Bell Telephone Office, Napanee, Ont. 19-1y

Travellers' Cheques

PEOPLE travelling on long or short journeys will find it most convenient to carry The Dominion Bank Travellers' Cheques. They are negotiable anywhere in the world and can be obtained at any Branch of this Bank

THE DOMINION BANK 964

NAPANEE BRANCH — G. PATTON CARR, Manage
Roblin Branch, open Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, April 30th to November 15th.
Thursday and Friday from November 15th to April 30th.

To Everyman

THE first and most important aim of Everyman who desires to succeed should be the same as that of successful business and financial houses—the formation of a Reserve Fund.

A reserve is not only invaluable when reverses or emergencies arise, but it is a guarantee of strength and promotes self-confidence.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA 372

TOTAL ASSETS OVER EIGHTY-THREE MILLIONS

Napanee Branch, R. R. White, Manager.
Branches also at Belleville, Brighton, Camden East, Deseronto, Newburgh, Picton, Trenton and Kingston.

HOUSE TO RENT—Brick house on Centre street, north of C. Denison's grocery. Apply to Rosa Bova, Napanee. 23-c

FOUND—A sum of money. Owner may have same by proving property and paying charges. Apply Box 90, Napanee. 24-ap

FOR SALE—Two good frame houses on the north side of Mill street. Apply to WALTER PLUMLEY, Napanee. 23-tf

HOUSE FOR SALE—Desirable frame house on Bridge street, west. Electric lights, water never failing well. Apply A. O. VANLUVEN.

PLANTS FOR SALE—Columbia Raspberries and the leading varieties of Strawberries. R. P. JOYCE, R. R. 3, Napanee. Phone 230-2. 23-tf

SUMMER COTTAGE FOR SALE—Desirable cottage at Sans-Souci Camp, (Picton reach) furnished, also skiff. Apply J. H. S. HENRY, cor. Bagot and Brock St., Kingston. 24-c

ALWAYS a number of farms and houses in town for sale. Owners may also list property for sale at low terms. No sale, no charge. T. B. GERMAN, Barrister, Napanee, Ont. 6-tf

FOR SALE—17-foot motor boat, waterproof top, Detroit engine, bronze fittings, speed about 8 miles, an ideal boat for summer camps or fishing, $125.00. E. L. BEDORE, Box 516, Napanee. 22-c

PROPERTY FOR SALE—Comfortable brick house, good outbuildings, and thirteen acres of good garden land on road leading to Riverside Cemetery. Apply on premises to MRS. PARKS or to J. W. HAMBLY, Napanee. 24-c-p

PROPERTY FOR SALE—7 room frame house on Thomas street, good location, $700.00. Brick house on Bridge street, all improvements, $2800.00. Brick house on Dundas street, fine location, $4000.00. Apply to GEO. HARTMAN. 22-c

WANTED—A FEW BRIGHT ACTIVE BOYS TO LEARN THE CABINET MAKING TRADE. APPLY TO THE GIBBARD FURNITURE CO., LTD.

Brick

Special Prices to clear out the yard.

W. H. J. HAINES
TAMWORTH, - ONTARIO
24-tf

DESERONTO.

The lacrosse teams in O.A.L.A. District No. 1, sent delegates to Deseronto on Saturday to close up matters in connection with the season's program and to draw up a schedule. Enthusiasm throughout the circuit is keen and a good season's sport is expected. Last season has brought on wonderfully during the past couple of years and promises to become most important indeed. A group has many good players whose work will have a big part in boosting the game. The growing confined to juveniles and midgets and in both those groups teams from Belleville, Napanee, Deseronto and Trenton are entered.

Mr. E. Pringle, who late last fall purchased the late John Gunn's farm property, Deseronto Road, was seriously injured in a runaway accident on his farm on Thursday. He had left his team momentarily in charge of a youth, and they, becoming frightened at something started to run away. Mr. Pringle sprang for and was successful in grabbing the reins. In his endeavor to stop them he was thrown down by the wagon, which ran over and severely injured his face and chest. Last reports state that Mr. Pringle is getting along nicely.

The Bellville Baseball Association has adopted a novel scheme plan for this season. They are erecting a line of comfortable tan leather seated bleacher chairs and are selling each for the price of $2 for the season, thus assuring the baseball fans a comfortable seat with a splendid view of the play.

A party of capitalists have been in town measuring land and looking over some buildings along the water front, which may mean in the near future the locating of a large industry in Deseronto.

The death is reported in Toronto of Mrs. L. Maloney. Some years ago Mrs. Maloney was a resident of Deseronto as the late father, the late Mr. Maloney, and resided on Fourth street. Mr. T. G. Maloney, Inspector of Customs, Deseronto, a brother of the deceased, was in attendance at the funeral.

Mr. James Stokes, of Toronto, who many years ago was a member of the office staff of the Rathbun Co., Deseronto, is renewing acquaintances in town for a few days.

White and Tan Tennis Shoes for each member of the family at WILSON'S SHOE STORE.

All sizes in moth proof bags at WALLACE'S—priced from 15c. to $2.50.

A. E. PAUL
Clerk 1st Division Court
INSURANCE,
Office:
OVER HENRY'S BOOKSTORE.

The following prizes will be offered to bonafide residents of the municipality for the best design, with suitable wording, for signs to be erected on the Highway entrances to the Village, setting forth briefly the attractive features. The purpose of the advertising signs to be erected is to draw the attention of the motor and travellers to Napanee as a fine place in which to live and in which to carry on business.

The prizes will be $10.00 to first prize and $5.00 to second and will be awarded by a committee. Designs to be forwarded to the undersigned not later than 21st May. By order.

W. A. GRANGE, Clerk.

NOTICE.

Traction engines and tractors with unprotected flanges and treads are prohibited on the paved and oiled roads in the Municipality, unless specially provided by law. By Order,

W. A. GRANGE, Clerk.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Bertha Maria Aylesworth, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Section 56, and amending Acts, that all persons having any claims against the estate of Bertha Maria Aylesworth, late of the village of Newburgh, in the County of Lennox and Addington, widow, deceased, are required to deliver or send to the undersigned on or before the twelfth day of June, A. D., 1923, full particulars of their claims duly verified.

And further take notice that after the said twelfth day of June, A.D., 1923, the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate and shall not be liable to any person of whose claims they shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,
Solicitors for the said Estate.
Dated this 2nd day of May, 1923. 22-d

Increase Your Egg Profits.

Best poultry tonics and remedies, Oyster Shell, Beef and Bone Scrap, Granite Grit. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

O.A.L.A. SCHEDULES

Belleville, May 12.—At a meeting of representatives from the four teams in Group No. 1 of the O.A.L.A., schedules for both the midget and juvenile series, were drawn up as follows:

JUVENILE SERIES.

May 16.—Deseronto at Trenton.
May 24.—Trenton at Belleville.
May 30.—Belleville at Napanee.
June 4.—Napanee at Deseronto.
June 11.—Deseronto at Napanee.
June 13.—Belleville at Trenton.
June 20.—Napanee at Belleville.
June 27.—Trenton at Deseronto.
July 2.—Trenton at Napanee.
July 4.—Napanee at Trenton.
July 24.—Belleville at Deseronto.
July 25.—Deseronto at Belleville.

MIDGET SERIES.

May 19.—Trenton at Belleville.
May 24.—Napanee at Deseronto.
May 30.—Deseronto at Trenton.
June 6.—Belleville at Napanee.
June 16.—Napanee at Trenton; Deseronto at Belleville.
June 25.—Belleville at Deseronto.
June 29.—Trenton at Napanee.
July 4.—Napanee at Belleville.
July 14.—Belleville at Trenton.
July 18.—Deseronto at Napanee.
July 28.—Trenton at Deseronto.

Stewart Power Horse Clippers.

And clipper plates. Newmarket hand clippers. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

SELBY.

Rev. Mr. Anderson held quarterly service at Sharp's Corners on Sunday last.

Mrs. R. Ballance and daughter have returned to their home on Church street, after spending the winter in Kingston.

D. McCauley has purchased a new car.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Gonu and Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Amey and daughter attended the funeral of the late Mrs. C. E. Fife at Napanee on Wednesday.

Visitors: Mr. and Mrs. G. Paul and sons at R. Paul's; Mr. and Mrs. J. Booth at J. E. Hudgins'; J. Bradshaw at Mrs. M. Bradshaw's.

CAUGHT IN ICE FLOE.

Three Steamers Are Imprisoned on Lake Superior.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., May 14.—Three steamers, the Frank C. Bail, Glenn Shedder and the W. P. McIntosh, were on Sunday practically marooned in the ice field of Lake Superior caught by the ice floes which set in last Tuesday. Pushed by a strong north-west wind they were carried to a point about three-quarters of a mile from shore, three miles above Whitefish Point.

Some anxiety was being felt as to the condition of the boats' larders. Sunday made their sixth day of imprisonment and over a week since they left their sailing port.

The steamer Cort is still being held at the Soo, to be available in case of emergency. About twelve steamers were on Sunday scattered throughout the frozen field in a distance of about ten miles above the Point. A few steamers were in the bay.

Where the three steamers are imprisoned the big ice floes have anchored themselves to the shore, the huge masses in some places twenty to thirty feet deep, pinning the steamers in so that it is impossible to get out or allow assistance to get them. They are not in a serious danger, however, but their release will depend only on a change of the wind or when the ice melted loose.

Deportee Arrives in England.

LONDON, May 14.—Art O'Brien, who was deported from England after the March raids, as an Irish agitator, arrived at midnight Sunday at Holyhead, where he was handed to Scotland Yard detectives by four escorting Free State officers.

When leaving Dublin O'Brien protested that he was not allowed to travel first-class. He also wanted to be taken to Manchester. His escort ignored his protest and brought him to Holyhead third-class.

It is understood that O'Brien will be brought to London, where it is stated he will remain in custody pending a decision by the House of Lords on the validity of the deportations which followed the raids.

Cavanville Man Burned.

CAVANVILLE, Ont., May 14.—Late Saturday afternoon, while returning to a farm gasoline tank which he believed to be empty, Clifford Elliott, aged 19, an employe of Cobley's blacksmith shop here, was badly burned about the body when the tank exploded, setting his clothes on fire. Elliott used a pair of heated tongs to loosen a nut.

Stanley Carver, who was standing near by, was blown against the wall and rendered unconscious, but later recovered and was removed to his home. Elliott was removed to a private hospital in Millbrook, but later was able to return to his home.

Queensland Labor Wins.

BRISBANE, Australia, May 14.—The earliest results of the voting in the Queensland elections, show that the Theodore (Labor) Government has been returned by a slightly increased majority.

Sap Supplies.

Sap buckets and spoiles. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

LENNOX AND ADDINGTON POULTRY CULLING CAMPAIGN, 1923

The Poultry Division, Dominion Live Stock Branch; the Poultry Department, A.C.; County Advisory Agriculture Council; and the Napanee Poultry Association are co-operating with the local branch of the Ontario Department of Agriculture, for the purpose of conducting a County Poultry Culling Campaign. The objects of this work are:

1. To dispose of the unprofitable hens from the farms at the highest market prices.

2. To demonstrate the value of flock culling as a means of increasing winter egg production.

3. To improve the poultry industry of the County and make poultry raising more profitable to the farmers.

In order to demonstrate the value of culling and reach as many parts of the County as possible, we have divided the County into centres and appointed an organizer for each centre. The names of the centres selected in the County and the organizers are as follows:

Napanee—Harold Pringle, Napanee, R. R. No. 5.
Belleville Road—Albert Reid, Napanee, R. R. No. 6.
Pleasant Valley—John Mowers, Napanee, R. R. No. 6.
Selby—Clarence Mowers, Selby.
Centreville—George McGill and Theodore Wagar, Centreville, R. R. No. 1.
Tamworth—J. Ed. Huffman, Tamworth.
Enterprise—Maitland Jackson, Enterprise.
Odessa—Shelley A. Denyes, Odessa R. R. No. 1.
Wilton Grove, Forsyth, Wilton.
Bath—Ralph Sills, Bath, R. R. No. 1.
Conveyer—Arthur Fraser and George Fralick, Napanee, R. R. No. 1.
Conway—W. L. Haight, Bath, R. R. No. 1.
Dorland—Thos. Chalmers, Dorland.
Sillsville—Robert Merritt, Sillsville.
Moscow—W. A. Benn, Moscow.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1. Farmers must have the heavy breeds of poultry such as Rocks, Wyandottes and Rhode Island Reds, etc., or crosses of the heavy breeds.

2. A poultry expert will call at the farm and cull the poultry.

3. The cost of culling poultry is two cents per hen.

4. A shipping day will be set and the cull hens shipped alive in a car lot to one of the Toronto markets, such as Montreal or New York.

5. Before the cull hens are brought to the train, they must be starved for at least 12 hours.

6. If possible, we will arrange to have a buyer at the station on shipping day, so that the farmers may receive cash for the hens they bring to the station.

Remarks: The probability the culling car will be done during the last week of May and the culls shipped during the early part of June.

Any farmer who is interested in having his flock culled, should get in touch with the organizer in his nearest town and he will be pleased to record his application for culling his flock. It is important that farmers give this matter their immediate attention in order that we may know how many flocks there will be in the County for culling.

Applications for this work will also be received at the Department of Agriculture, Napanee.

See the Barnett and Renfrew Refrigerators. Let us demonstrate one to you. DAVY & ALLISON.

PLAN A CELEBRATION.

It will be noticed by an advertisement in this week's issue that arrangements are being made for the celebration at Belleville by the settlement of Upper Canada by the United Empire Loyalists, in June, 1924. The following is a list of a few of the old U.E. Loyalist families of this district who will no doubt take a deep interest in this celebration: Aylesworth, Cartwright, Wallbridge, Lazier, Bedell, Macauley, Robbin, Howell, Parliament, Bleecker, Hubbs, Madden, Ackerman, Casmill, Derozie, Herrington, Mikel, Loggart, Conger, Cooper, Goldsmith, VanAlstine, Bedell, Huff, VanDusen, Ruttan, Solmes, Purdy, Springer, Sprague, Way, Alcell, Pringle, Sprague, Wallbridge, Weese, Grass, Young, Ostrander, Hicks, Haight, Gilbert, Meyers, Clark, Rose, Chisholm, Bowland, Amaker, Wellbanks, Palen, Dulmage, McDonald, Bongard, Cronk, Griffis, Peterson, Benn, Jones, Fisher, Clapp, McBenn, Jones, Fisher, Clapp, McBenn, Jones, Fisher, Clapp, McBen

The DURANT Car

SEE THE NEW

STAR CAR

NOW ON EXHIBITION AT OUR GARAGE.

Gasolene, Oils and Greases, Tires and Accessories.

NORMILE'S GARAGE

Durant Sales and Service, East Street.

Open Day and Night. Give us a call.

D. R. HALL, M.D., C.M.

Office of the late Dr. T. W. Simpson, East Street.

Office Hours—1.30, 4.30 p.m., 7 to 9 p.m.
'Phone 42. 20-tf

J. B. WILLOUGHBY, M.D., C.M.

Corner Dundas and Robinson Streets.

Office Hours :—2 p.m. to 5 p.m., 7 p.m. to 8 p.m.
Phone 307. 32-1y

Dr. S. R. McCreary, B.Sc.
Physician and Surgeon.
X-Ray a Specialty
170A Front St., Belleville
Opposite City Hall
Phone 1200

W. T. BAIRD
ORGANIST AND CHOIR DIRECTOR
of Trinity Methodist Church
Teacher of Piano, Organ and Voice Culture.
A few pupils will be accepted.
Studio—West Street.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.
Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.
GIVE US A TRIAL

H. W. SMITH
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. B. V. Sc., of Toronto University,
OFFICE—Centre Street. PHONE 61

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.
Physician Surgeon, Etc.
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital
Office—North side of Dundas St., between West and Robert Sts., Napanee.

T. M. GALBRAITH
B.A., M.D., C.M.
Cor. Dundas and West Streets
Specialty—Diseases of Children.
Office hours—Until 9 a.m. 1 p.m. till 3 p.m. 7 till 9 p.m.
Telephone—279.

FARMERS - ATTENTION

Just arrived another shipment of Fine Oat Feed at $1.15 per 100. Only 50 bags of Beef Meal left, the last we will be able to get this season.
Some Bran and Shorts.
Plenty of Sugar but price is still high and may go higher.

S. CASEY DENISON'S
CENTRE STREET, NORTH.
'Phone 101.

Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.
ROBT. LIGHT. 44tf

BUY YOUR BUTTER WRAPPERS AT THIS OFFICE

Bring your can for best Separator Oil—25c. a quart at WALLACE'S.

Here and There

Each acre of corn grown in Ohio costs on an average 46.36 hours of labor.

Canada is now second on the list as an exporting land, the per capita being $100.53 per annum.

A new station is being built by the Canadian Pacific Railway at Fredericton at a cost of $50,000.

Half a million Canadians took to the forests each day for their meals and lodging, and more than 100,000 Canadian workmen are engaged in converting forest products into one form or another.

The large party of Hebrideans who were brought to Canada on the Canadian Pacific Steamships "Marloma" and "Marloch" have gone to Red Deer, Alta., where they will form an agricultural colony.

Seven hundred farmers and farm laborers arrived in Canada recently on the Canadian Pacific steamer "Montcalm." These colonists are proceeding to Ontario and western points where they will take up farm work.

The project of a ship canal across Scotland from the Clyde to the Firth of Forth was brought to the fore again at a recent meeting of the Mid-Scotland Ship Canal Association, and there is a possibility of something being started in this connection in the near future.

A single pair of potato bugs would, without check, increase to 60,000,000 in one season; the hop aphis, developing thirteen generations in a single year would, if unchecked to the end of the twelfth generation, have multiplied to ten sextillions.

Canadian air pilots flew 294,449 miles carrying 9,253 passengers and 77,850 pounds of freight in 1922, according to a report of the Canadian Air Board. Saskatchewan pilots led in the Dominion, carrying 3,622 passengers. Manitoba pilots carried 1,622 people, and British Columbia pilots 1,122.

A company has been formed in London to exploit sunken treasure in Navarino Bay, off the west coast of Greece. The promoters state that there is a matter of $15,000,000 in bullion and other forms still at the bottom of the Bay, where it was sunk with the united fleets of Egypt and Turkey by the united British, French and Russian fleets in 1827.

Last summer 4,000 forest fires cleared away at least ten times as many trees as were cut down for lumber, pulp and paper, and all other industrial purposes. A very large percentage of the fires were caused by careless campers and sportsmen who "thought it would die out" or cast away a lighted match or cigarette end.

Improvement of camping facilities at Banff for automobile tourists is now being made. The Mount Rundle camp site is being improved and enlarged, and will be equipped with all modern appliances. It is expected that as a result of the opening of the Banff-Windermere road this year, the tourist traffic through Banff will be the heaviest ever recorded.

At the annual meeting of the Canadian Pacific Railway, President E. W. Beatty pointed out that prospects for the immigration into Canada of the class of colonist urgently needed to develop the country's natural resources were much brighter than they had been in the past two or three years, and an increased traffic from Great Britain and Northern Europe was indicated by the largely increased western movement on the company's ships during the past four months of this year.

Suspension Bridge.

A suspension bridge is a fixed bridge and consists of a truss supported by cables resting on towers, the cables being anchored at each end in masonry anchorages. Suspended ropes or wires connect the truss to the cables. A cantilever bridge is a fixed bridge in which the truss is supported on a pier and balances by extending in both directions from the pier, one end of the truss extending over part of the space to be bridged toward a similar truss from an opposite pier and the other end of the truss extending back to a masonry anchor pier.

Washington's New Churches.

Among the great capital cities of the world Washington alone has no monumental church. Two, however, are building. The corner-stone of the National Shrine of the Immaculate Conception has been laid, and the apse of the new Protestant Cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul is already completed. The Protestant cathedral is at the summit of Mount St. Alban, overlooking Washington, a situation one writer calls "the noblest site of any cathedral in the Old World or the New."

Beethoven's Piano.

Beethoven's piano, which on account of the composer's deafness was specially made for him, so that the sound should be louder than that of an ordinary instrument, has recently been discovered in Vienna. It is said that the piano will probably be bought for the Beethoven Museum, which is housed in the Royal Library in Berlin.

Stone vs. Brick.

A stone house is not so durable as one of brick. A brick house, well constructed, will outlast one built of granite.

The Best Service

A store can give its customers is to provide the best possible VALUES for the prices asked.

We seek to do this, and it is our purpose to make you feel you can absolutely depend upon the QUALITY of your purchases here.

OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS MERIT YOUR CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee, Ont.

HOW TO START A FLOWER GARDEN

(Written for the Canadian Horticultural Council.)

After the necessary grading is done, decide on and mark out the main walks. These may be grass or gravel at the discretion of the grower. If they are to be of gravel, remove six inches of the surface grass on soil (more if you care to) and replace with gravel. The space assigned to the lawn should be dug over and may be seeded to grass in April or early in May. Assuming there is grass already present and in fair condition, cut it as short as possible and spread over a thin layer of rotten manure and fine soil. If swept about at weekly intervals, this will work in the uneven parts and level the ground.

A GOOD BEGINNING.

Whether it is intended to grow flowers, fruits or vegetables, the ground should be spaded to a depth of 18 inches at least, or better still, trenched to a depth of 1½ to 2 feet, and rough, strawy manure worked into the bottom soil. With the surface eighteen inches, well rotten manure and bone meal should be incorporated. A good beginning makes all the difference in the ultimate success or failure of a garden.

The next procedure will be to decide where the hedges, if the space warrants them, are to be, to separate the vegetable plots from the flower borders and lawn. There are several good evergreens available for this purpose. The Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, will supply a pamphlet on this subject on request.

The Japanese rose, Rosa rugosa, provides a useful informal hedge. The rambling roses make splendid screens trained to a wooden trellis or skeleton wooden fence, but require winter protection. If the garden is large enough a pergola of roses and other climbers is always an attraction, with perhaps a creeper-covered arbour at one end. The path beneath the pergola may be paved with stones of various sizes. Failing a pergola, introduce arches and pillars (not more than eight to ten or twelve feet high) for rambling roses. As the ground will be newly trenched it will be better to defer planting the roses until it settles.

WHAT PLANTS TO CHOOSE.

What to plant to secure a permanent, easily cared for home garden is the question of questions. It is a long process to find out for oneself what plants can be relied upon for vigor and permanence. Naturally, locality is one determining factor. There will be few mistakes if varieties locally accepted as hardy and in every way worth while are selected for the foundation of the garden. Kinds which attract because of personal interest or rarity can be experimented with at leisure once we have secured the garden feeling with the trusty, generous, long-serving kinds. Familiarity and commonness are in no sense to be avoided. The plants which have longest served mankind are those set in legend and folklames and so are most suggestive in the home garden.

AMATEUR'S SHEET ANCHOR.

A border of mixed perennial flowers is frequently described as the amateur's sheet anchor, providing flowers during the spring, summer and fall months both out-doors and out. It depends how much is to be spent in stocking a garden whether quantities of perennial roots should be purchased, or most of them raised from seed. It is not a difficult matter to grow most of the perennials from seed, which, if sown in the late spring or early summer, will produce plants that will flower the following year.

THE FIRST YEAR.

The first year the best display of flowers will be from annuals sown under glass during April or outside where the plants are to flower during May. A selection may include Asters, Stocks, Sweet Peas, Zinnias, Clarkias, Godetias, Larkspurs, Calendula, Officinalis, Cornflowers, Poppies, Candytuft, Corcopsis, Nemesia and Mignonette. To these add bulbs of Gladiolias, and the grower will be rewarded by an ample display of bloom during the first summer of his gardening operations.

THE AFTERNOON TEA RITE

Mr. Gordon Selfridge, the Chicago merchant who immediately conquered London, is revisiting the United States, and touches on some piquant contrasts between his native and adopted countries. He has the advantage of a double standard of comparison, of seeing the British through American eyes. To an interviewer he lays amusing emphasis on an English social rite, afternoon tea, which is the subject of mild derision on the part of visitors to the Tight little island—until they succumb to it. Mr. Selfridge thinks that if Americans would similarly relax in the middle of the 'afternoon's work they would gain a poise and calm they really need and lose none of their famous "pep." When he opened his department store on Oxford street thirteen years ago it was the custom of his salespeople to snatch tea as best they could. Instead of discouraging it he accepted it as a national institution, and gave a tea interval to each of his 3,000 employees, and "since everybody else in the country does it, no time or business was lost." He is quoted further:

"Tea is brought around at matinees or movies, on railway trains and boats. Lords and commoners pause for it in parliament. You can't get any one office, editorial den, public library, factory or shop in Great Britain between four or five without stumbling over cups and tea things."

Mr. Selfridge confessed that personally he did not like tea, but he likes what it stands for—a friendly getting together, a relaxing pause in the day's work, a slowing down of the American's relentless push, not to a point of becoming less active, but more balanced. "The American has a breakdown at 50," he added, "but the Englishman was swinging a wicked golf club at 65."

Afternoon tea has become a social function on this side of the Atlantic, but it has not seriously penetrated the market place. After all, it is not the tea hour that gives the British poise and calm. It is merely one expression of his unhurried habits and ways of living and of looking at life. Before work slows down in offices, factories and shops on this continent in the presence of the tea cups, there will have to be a radical change in the mental as well as the physical habits of the business community.

SAVED BY WASPS.

Strange Tale of Sugar-cane Plantations of Mauritius.

The sugar-cane plantations of Mauritius were recently saved from destruction by wasps.

A few years ago a fresh variety of cane was introduced from the West Indies, and for a time all went well. Bumper crops were gathered and sales and profits ran high.

Then a strange thing happened. Not only the newly introduced plants, but also most of the old ones, began to languish and die. One after another the plantations became almost derelict, and the owners had to face ruin.

It was then that a naturalist discovered a new kind of beetle in the plantations, and investigations showed that the maggots of this beetle were feeding on their millions upon the roots of the canes.

The owners opened a vast campaign against the new enemy, and it was calculated that in a single season 25,000,000 of the beetles were destroyed in various ways. Yet still they continued to multiply, and the whole industry was threatened.

Eventually specimens of the beetles were sent for identification to the British Museum, where it was found that they had come to Mauritius with the new canes from the West Indies. Yet in the latter islands the beetles did little or no harm to sugar plantations, and the mystery deepened.

The final triumph of the naturalist came when it was found that the beetles' deadliest enemy was a certain species of wasp. The latter lived abundantly in the West Indies, but had never been found in Mauritius.

The simple plan of introducing this insect to the plantations of the stricken island restored the natural balance of life, and to-day the sugar industry of Mauritius depends for its prosperity solely upon the preying activities of the little West Indian wasp.

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¼ contents of a can of DU-KO; 2 cups of milk (water for Lemon) Pour enough milk into powder to make a batter; heat the balance; when it boils, pour in the batter. Stir until it thickens, then pour into pie shell, previously baked, or into a mould if a pudding is desired.

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FARM DRAINAGE

(Experimental Farms Note.)

The drainage of farm lands should receive increased attention. Many farms and even whole districts are not as fertile and productive as they would be if drained. A drainage system is essential in this humid, temperate zone of heavy rainfalls. Fortunately throughout the greater part of Eastern Canada there is adequate natural drainage. The land is rolling or hilly. The surface formation is more or less porous and-water, even after the heaviest rains of summer, disappears within 24 hours from the surface of the soil.

There are many farms that have fairly good natural drainage, but not sufficient to remove the water quickly after heavy rains and spring freshets. These can usually be greatly improved by a system of surface drains including the plowing of fields in lands so that each dead furrow may be a drain with a definite outlet.

Heavy soils and lands that lie so that the natural drainage cannot easily be determined usually require drains. A soil is frequently cold and wet on account of an impervious subsoil. Other soils are of very little agricultural value because of seepage. The tile draining of such as these is a valuable permanent improvement to the farm. It will enable the farmer to seed his crop earlier and to grow healthier and much larger crops. It will be better than insurance against drought and spring frosts. It will increase profits and save valuable fertilizing ingredients from being washed from the surface of the soil.

For any drainage work a sketch or map is essential. On it should be placed the data obtained from a survey of the surface of the farm, contours marked and drains located; then it serves as a permanent record and will save time and labor in future drainage work. A number of permanent land-marks should be located and measurements marked on the map from these to the tile-drains.

In laying out systems of tile it is important to keep the slope of fall as uniform as possible. It should not be less than two inches per 100 feet, and where changed suddenly a silt basin should be built. Three-inch tile is the smallest profitable size, and as the volume of gathered water increases so the tile should be increased until the main drain for a twenty-acre field having a fall of 5 inches per hundred feet, should be laid with six inch tile. The distance apart of tile drains is governed largely by the depth at which they are laid. Much tile should not be less than 2½ to 3 feet below the surface. The present tendency is to lay tile shallower. At these depths for field crops it is usually safe to place drains 100 feet apart. Then, should it be found necessary, others can be laid between, making them 50 feet apart.

The efficiency of all drains depends largely upon a satisfactory outlet. It must be large enough for the purpose and be low enough to drain the tile dry when they are flowing.

Sand Blast.

Sand blast for cleaning boiler tubes is the latest thing in this important field. Put out by a concern at Durlach, Germany, the apparatus consists of a length of pipe with a special nozzle, hitched to a compressed air line, and a supply of sand. The sand is claimed to cut away scale and dirt on the tube surfaces without damage of any kind, and may be employed wherever the pipe can be introduced. The air pressure is from fifteen to thirty pounds, and the consumption about 4,000 cubic centimeters of free air a minute. It sixty seconds the blast is said to clear away forty to sixty square feet of scale, while with soot, of course, a far better performance is scored.—Scientific American.

Motors In Japan.

Dispelling a popular illusion that Japanese mortality statistics have been swollen by reckless motor car drivers dashing through narrow streets crowded with children, the imperial department of home affairs has announced that in the last three and a half years only 136 persons have died as the result of motor car accidents in Japan, or about one to every 440,000 Japanese, and that the number of those hurt but not killed by motor cars has been only 1,488. Considering the congestion in Japanese cities through which motorists are forced to drive and the growing number of cars in the country (11,769, according to latest available figures) the percentage of accidents argues well both for the skill of the Japanese driver and the agility of the pedestrians.

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McLAUGHLIN-BUICK

UNCLE SAM'S ATTITUDE.

Interesting Definition Was Given by New York Tribune.

Nineteen years ago, W. F. Maclean, M.P., in the course of an address at a Canadian Club dinner in Toronto, made some characteristic outspoken remarks which are recalled with the criticism created by H. L. Mencken's article in Smart Set, prophesying the ultimate absorption of Canada by the United States. Mr. Maclean asserted that the right of Canadians to an independent national existence was not conceded by the public men across the border. This statement did not pass unchallenged by our neighbors and there was some newspaper comment, which included a refreshing and statesmanlike editorial in the New York Tribune, showing such breadth of view and courtesy in treating of Canada's position among the nations as up to that time had been very seldom displayed by American writers. Here is what the Tribune said:—

"We regret to perceive another slight misunderstanding of the United States on the part of our Canadian friends and neighbors. It is revealed in some recent remarks by W. F. Maclean, M.P., at a dinner of the Canadian Club, in Toronto. Assuming the reports in the Canadian papers of his address to be correct, Mr. Maclean said, There was not a public man in the United States who admitted that Canadians have a right to an independent national existence.' We assume, of course, that he was entirely sincere in making that statement. Then we must add that he was entirely, egregiously, and, to our mind, incomprehensibly mistaken.

"We doubt if there is a public man, or a private one either, in the United States, whose opinion on such a matter is worthy of consideration, who does not unhesitatingly admit that Canada's title to independent national sovereignty is as good as our own. It is of older date than our own, and was fully recognized by us at the time when our title was established. It was again and again recognized by the great statesmen of our early years, who founded our national policy — by Hamilton and Jefferson alike, when they both proposed that the North American continent should be divided between the United States and Great Britain to the exclusion of other nations. If it has ever been seriously challenged or questioned since, we are not aware of the fact. Moreover, since Mr. Maclean referred to the Monroe Doctrine, we may add that that doctrine is as much a guarantee of Canadian sovereignty as of any other sovereignty on the American continents. It is at once a pledge that the United States will not wantonly infringe upon Canadian sovereignty, and a warning to the world that no foreign power will be permitted to do so. Perhaps Canada does not need, or does not think she needs, our guarantee, but she can scarcely regard the making of it as the manifestation of an unfriendly disposition.

"The United States regards Canada as, under British Imperial sovereignty, an independent sovereign nation, whose title is as valid as that of any nation on the globe. It has no thought of annexing Canada against her will, nor does it, indeed, regard annexation as necessary or inevitable. It is not sitting up nights to coax or to coerce the Dominion into union with the republic. If ever Canada should, at her own will, seek such a union the United States would be cordially responsive. But if Canada never does seek it, the United States will regard with entire equanimity and satisfaction the prospect of continuing for all time to share this continent with another great English-speaking commonwealth, and will only hope for constantly increasing sentiments of mutual esteem and constantly strengthening bonds of friendship between these two sovereign nations."

Life History of the Eel.

Until recent years the early life of European and American eels was a mystery.

It was known that at different periods of their existence they migrated to or from the sea, sometimes crossing considerable stretches of dry land in their journey, and for twenty years it has been known that they pass the earlier stages of life in the depths of tropical waters.

After long and patient investigations a Danish scientist, Dr. Joseph Schmidt, has discovered their breeding-place in the neighborhood of Bermuda and the West Indian Islands.

The breeding-grounds of the American and the European eels, which are two distinct species, are contiguous, and indeed overlap, though the American eel ranges somewhat further north in its deep-sea home than its European cousin.

The American eel completes the larval stage in about one year, when it must migrate to fresh water. The European eel requires three years to finish its larval development, and during this period makes its way slowly across the whole breadth of the Atlantic to the coastal waters of the farther continent.

No other fish or animal in the larval stage makes such an enormous journey. Like the salmon, the eel passes successive stages of its life in salt and fresh water, spending its maturity in lakes and rivers accessible from the sea or in brackish water along the shore.

This sojourn ranges from five to twenty years, after which the eel returns to the deep-sea regions of its birth to produce its young.

"CITY OF KINGS"

Ancient Delhi Well Worthy of Pompous Appellation.

New Capital of India Has Long History Filled With Effort, Tragedy, and Wild Romance.

It as been said as Agra is the poet's city, so is Delhi the city of kings. And certainly there is a sense of pomp and glory that still lingers about the place, an atmosphere of vanished splendors that strikes even the winter tourist who wanders, guidebook in hand, around its mass of ruins and down its stately streets. Even so, as you should see Agra first in the soft, blurred twilight of the day, you should approach Delhi in the broad, brave light of early morning. Entering the town from the Meerut side, when the sun is mounting serenely in a pale, clear sky, making the broad Jumna sparkle freshly, throwing into clear relief the brown, vigorous dhobis who bang their white washing joyously upon the stones, rousing the red, glowing walls of the great fort to cheerful welcome, this is to see Delhi in its most vital aspect, a city of life and busy, worldly activity, always at the center of the history of every age. For, whatever may be said for or against the expensive and troublesome removal of the seat of government from Calcutta, it is at least historically fitting that this ancient town—always at the core of India's history, whether as Delhi, Indraprastha or Shahjehanabad—should now again become its capital.

The seven Delhis around—scattered in ruin now—represent—each of them —a chapter of history packed with effort, tragedy and romance. Never was a city more teeming with the sense of the press of life, of history inevitably made in the shadow of its red walls.

Like Rome, Delhi has two distinct poles to its wide side. In Rome it is the ancient Roman civilization and the past of the Renaissance, in Delhi the old days of invading Mohammedan hordes and the period of undiluted splendor inaugurated by the early Mughals. But unlike Rome, Delhi has always a background of grimness to show to each bright picture, making the sensuous glory of it the more heavily bright. Therefore, after a delightful sunny morning spent among the gold embroideries, the ivories and silks and jewels of the broad and lovely Chandni Chauk—the finest street, some say, in the world—or amid the imperial, forgotten pomp of the red-walled fort, the quiet of the evening is the time above all others for wandering amidst the fragments of the ancient Delhis. The whole city neighborhood is strewn with these remains, for although "the seven Delhis" is a picturesque enough term, in sober fact the cities that it crumbled around the present capital of India number twelve or thirteen. True, of the original city of Indraprastha, built by the Pandava brothers, and said to have been on the site of the present village of Indrapat, no vestige remains. Those one or two miles to the south still find Tughlakabad, built by the first sultan of the house of Tughlak, . . . Long and ponderous and grim, it lies, once so full of the life and bustle of a medieval court, as if designed by all save the wild jungle cocks, gorgeous as any courtier of old —who step daintily among its ruins. —Barbara Wingfield Stratford in "India and the English."

Chance for Grandpa.

On Memorial day an assorted pair watched the parade, an elderly business man and his little grandson. The latter amassed everyone by his comments and mimicry of the antics of his grandfather. When his grandfather lifted his hat, the youngster did the same. And then looking at his grandfather said, "We're polite aren't we, grandpa."

Grandpa smiled and nodded. Then the little fellow saw the former service men in uniform and the Civil war veterans. He looked at his grandfather, sighed and asked, "Ain't it too bad, grandpa, we aren't soldiers?"

Grandpa sighed a genuine sigh. A long study and then the little fellow offered consolation. "I can be a boy scout pretty soon, grandpa," he said, "and when you get a little older, you'll be an 'Onward Christian Soldier!'"

This time grandpa didn't smile. His future didn't seem to suit him.—Indianapolis News.

Radio Station on Church Tower.

A radio broadcasting station with a coast-to-coast radius and a tenstory tower are novel features of the First Baptist church, of Shreveport, La., erected at a cost of $500,000, and used for the first time Sunday, April 9. The structure, uniting a main building of four floors and the tenstory tower is large enough to accommodate 7,000 persons. Situated in the heart of Shreveport's business district, its tower dominates the city's skyline. Many small churches throughout the neighboring section have installed receiving outfits to take advantage of the offering of the Shreveport church. Several of them have no pastor, and are able to have sermons only one or two Sundays a month, but radio has now made possible for them the same opportunities offered members of city churches.

The Best Policy.

Lawyer—Now, be perfectly frank with me. Are you innocent or guilty? Client—I am guilty.

Lawyer—Ah, an honest man! I shall be able to acquit you.—American Legion Weekly.

In New England.

The Taconic range along the western border of Massachusetts is the link that connects the Catskills of New York with the higher peaks of northern New England, says the American Forestry Magazine. Greylock — the Saddleback of earlier days—3,535 feet, in the northwestern corner of the state, is the highest in the commonwealth, and Mount Everett, "the Dome of the Taconics," 2,624 feet, in the southwestern corner, the next loftiest. Both are state reservations.

The World's Dietary.

A well-known English medical authority recently circularized the various embassies and legations of foreign countries with a view to ascertaining the dietary of the peasant class, any particular national foods, what part meat forms in the daily dietary, and upon what dietary the stamina of the respective nations are built. The Austrian reply states that, as formerly, the larger part of the population is rural, and with the plentiful vegetation food prevails. Thus, it might be said that the stamina of that nation was built up on a vegetarian basis. The reply from the Chilean authorities is that in the agricultural districts of South and Central Chile wheat flour, kidney beans, and maize form the principal part of the workingmen's food, and meat is seldom partaken of. This has been the custom for generations. The German Embassy mentions that meat does not form an important part of the daily dietary of the German nation at present, while the Norwegian Minister replies that meat cannot be said to form an important part of the daily food of the Norwegian people. The consumption of meat in Russia, it is stated, is insignificant. Besides, there are four Lents during the year, which cover about four and a half months of each year, and, in addition to this, all Wednesdays and Fridays are fasting days, and no meat, eggs, milk, or butter are generally consumed by the peasants during Lent or fasting days. In the course of other replies, it is stated that meat is scarcely consumed at all by the peasants of Roumania, while the peasant class in Serbia, which represents about 80 to 85 per cent. of the whole population, lives chiefly on boiled beans and other vegetables. Flesh meat does not form an important part of the daily dietary in Spain, Portugal, or Japan.

England's Cleverest Counties.

Which English county has produced the greatest number of notable men?

Kent heads the list with thirty-two notables, including such distinguished scientists as Faraday and Harvey; such famous soldiers as Wolfe, Gordon, and Sir Philip Sidney; Pitt, among great statesmen; Grote, the historian; and Caxton, the printer.

Second place is occupied by Devon, with thirty names. Devon counts among her famous sons several of our greatest sailors, including Drake, Raleigh, and Hawkins. She also gave us that supreme soldier, the "great Duke" of Marlborough. To art she contributed Reynolds; and to letters, Gay, Coleridge, Kingsley, and Froude.

Yorkshire fills third place with twenty-nine famous sons, including Flaxman and Leighton in art; Stephenson, the great engineer; the Brontë sisters in literature; Lord Lawrence, of Indian fame; and Wilberforce, the philanthropist.

Hampshire, which ranks next with twenty-five names, was the cradle of Jane Austen, Dickens, and Meredith. She gave Millais to art, Palmerston to politics, and Brunel to engineering.

Next come Lancashire and Gloucestershire each with twenty-two, towards which the former contributes three of Britain greatest statesmen and orators—Peel, Gladstone, and Bright; Romney, among artists; Kemble, among actors of genius; and Arkwright, among inventors. To Gloucester we owe Southey, Chatterton, Whitfield, and, by fame, Sir Thomas Lawrence, and Locke.

Poor Adolphus.

May (entertaining sister's suitor): "Oh, Adolphus, I'll tell you what father said about you last night!"

Adolphus: "I haven't an idea in the world."

May: "Oh, gracious! You listened."

Oysters.

From May to September—the months without an R—is the oysters' breeding time. The young, however, are not deposited on the floor of the sea, but retained in the parent's gills.

The adult oyster, thus burdened with a mass of what is called "spat," is not only inedible, but may be actively malignant.

Each oyster produces so huge a number of young that, did they all survive, it is literally true that in time they would actually fill up the seas. Actually comparatively few do survive, the young being devoured by the million by other fish, as well as meeting misfortune from many other causes.

To protect the stock, therefore, the law has fixed these summer months as a "close season," and within them the oyster is protected from human capture not only by its own natural nastiness, but by the regulations of the fisheries.

In Australia.

Electricity from brown coal is the bold undertaking now being put through by the Government of Victoria. The scheme provides for the erection of a generating station on the coal field with an initial capacity of 50,000 kilowatts, but capable of doubling. The estimated cost is about $12,000,000, for the initial development, and over $25,000,000 for the final project. The first section will include four 12,500-kilowatt turbo-alternators running at 3,000 r.p.m., with an 800-kilowatt set for starting up the bigger ones. The boilers and the steel for the buildings are actually under construction, and preliminary steps are being taken for the erection of the high-tension transmission line of 112 miles to a point near Melborne. This line is to operate at 132,000 volts, and will consist of aluminum-steel reinforced cable carried on galvanized towers 1,000 feet apart. — Scientific American.

Anti-Kissing Laws.

The British Parliament once passed an anti-kissing law even more stringent than that suggested in Rome.

In the summer of 1439 plague raged through Europe and invaded England, so an act was rushed through both Houses forbidding any of His Majesty's subjects to exchange kisses.

That is the only measure of its kind passed in England; but in several countries there are stringent regulations against kissing in public. The Bavarian State Railways forbid kissing on their railway system.

The New York Central Railway penalizes kissing on the station platforms, but have erected at every station an elevated platform or "kissing gallery," where passengers may take leave of their friends and kiss to the limit of their emotions.

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TORONTO PUMPS

FOR BIG "STRIKE"

Aged Mining Prospector Takes One More Chance.

Sam Conger, Eighty-Nine Years Old, Still in the Harness and Confident He Will Win.

Recently news came that the oldest active mining prospector in the world Sam Conger, eighty-nine years old was going back to the Rockies, determined to make his last big strike.

"Sam Conger," the story said, "is the Grand Old Man of the Mountains"—he has prospected in the Rockies for more than seventy years. In addition to locating many of the best paying gold and silver mines in the state, he discovered tungsten, the rare metal of Colorado. He is known to every one mining man and, despite his eighty-nine years, Sam Conger, game to the backbone, is going to the mountains laden with pack, rifle, pan and grub, resolute in the faith that he will make one more big strike."

It was in Boulder county that he made his first big strike with his discovery of the Rocket Bend in 1862, while the battle of Antietam was being fought. Since then he prospected in California, Oregon, New Mexico, Arizona, and studied lode and veins and strata in the mining section of Colorado. But it was always to Boulder county that he returned to make the big strike. One time it was the Carbon mine, later sold to capitalists of Holland. Then later long prospecting in other sections, he came back to Boulder and discovered the Poor Man mine, where the ore ran $10,000 to the ton. There were the Fourth of July and the Diantha and many others.

Near Boulder City in the middle '90s he came on a strange black mineral. Sam Conger did not then know that he had discovered tungsten. He Oregon he learned the great value of the mineral. He hurried back to Colorado and, in the streets of Denver, met his old partner, who in Arizona had also learned that the black stone was tungsten.

Sam Conger's tungsten claim was sold to the Allis company of Milwaukee and turned down. "There is not a great demand for tungsten," the company said, "and it should be found in large quantities as Conger says, the price will fall to the lowest point." Conger's option expired. Then Andrew Carnegie took over the tungsten claims. Each year since they have produced their millions.

Conger was born in Ohio. As a lad of seventeen he heard that the lead mines of southwestern Wisconsin were the richest in the world. He soon possessed all the talk was of the richness of the lead deposits of Missouri. And in Missouri he heard of the recently discovered gold at the junction of Cherry creek and the White river, where the Ute Indians lived, across the Great American desert.

Sam Conger was one of a party to drive across the Great Plains with "Pike's Peak or Bust" on the wagon canvas and then began his 70 years of prospecting for the precious metals.

Later Sam Conger went to New Mexico. He read how mutiny smouldered among the Indians, how they groaned under the Spanish conquerors and Franciscans and filled up the mines.

Sam found one of these mines—the St. Lazarus. And until the body of gold ore was worked out it was a good producing mine.

Sam has always wanted riches—not thousands, but millions. Then he could "fix everybody up," and he has notions of "ten-dow-tion" giving.

Sam is the last of the old prospectors—simple, kindly, brave. And at eighty-nine he is still walking over the mountains in paths he trod when he was a lad.—Milwaukee Journal.

College Receiving.

A disastrous fire in one of the buildings Princeton university recently destroyed a part of the radio equipment. While the loss was amply covered by insurance, it was an unfortunate accident, since the matter of arranging for a broadcasting service was just about completed. The idea of a broadcasting originated with L. S. Gatter (1912) and was taken up at once by those in charge of the station. The University of Wisconsin and the University of Minnesota already have established broadcasting stations for general university news, says Scientific American, as well as for results of athletic contests. The set to be installed will have a sending range of 1,000 miles and will operate on 300-meter wave length.

BIRDS AND BAD LUCK.

Most of the Superstitions Strike Unhappy Note.

Few animals have not at one time or another given rise to some kind of superstition. And, although the ultra modern person scorns these old beliefs, superstitions concerning certain birds are still prevalent in many parts of the country.

It is hardly surprising that the owl, with its horrible cry, resembling the scream of a half-throttled person, is looked upon as a forerunner of dire calamity. Many country people are convinced that this wail can mean nothing less than death to the hearer. Even the Red Indians shriek from the cry of the horned owl.

Shakespeare frequently refers to it as the bird of evil-omen, and two large owls are supposed to appear at Wardour Castle, in Wiltshire, a short time before the death of members of the Arundell family.

In Cornwall there is a tradition that King Arthur still lives in the form of a raven, and that one day he will be crowned king of a land again, and all England will ring once more with his fame. If this should be the case, he would certainly find the "Merrie England" a good deal changed since the days of the Round Table.

The cunning magpie is said to be lucky according to the number seen. There is an old doggerel about this bird which runs:

One for sorrow,
Two for mirth,
Three for a wedding,
Four for a death.

The sorrow which is supposed to follow seeing a single magpie may, however, be averted by placing two straws on the ground in the form of a cross. The Norwegians regard the bird as lucky, and in Sweden it would dare to kill a magpie for fear of some great disaster overtaking him. As a consequence of this the birds become very tame, and many houses have a pair of them which come regularly for food.

An old belief that the robin will sing near the window of a dying person is founded on a legend which tells how the bird perched on the Cross while our Lord was dying, and tried to comfort His last moments with its song. It is said to taste not its red breast from the blood which once flowed upon it, and to this end deavored vainly to pick the crown of thorns from His head.

Among the country folk of some southern counties there still prevails an idea that a person cannot die easily on a bed or pillow stuffed with game feathers, and even a sick man will be removed from a feather-bed to a horsehair mattress in order that he may pass away peacefully.

In the south of Ireland country people used to be thought very unlucky to own a duck which laid dun-colored eggs. There is an instance on record of a woman who, owning such a bird, roasted it alive. Although its feathers were soon burnt off, it was three days before it finally succumbed. Such ignorance is almost incredible in a Christian country, and it seems impossible that any same person could carry superstition to such lengths.

Many people think that a small white bird appears to a person a short while before death, and this belief is referred to in Byron's "Don Juan."

There is a widespread superstition about bringing peacocks' feathers into the house, and many women would rather see a wild tiger in their sitting-room than a bunch of these harmless and beautiful feathers.

Where all these superstitions originated it is hard, if not impossible to say; but it is noticeable that, of all the instances given above, one only is the bringer of good luck, and all the others are forerunners of sorrow and disaster.

A Grouchy Invalid.

Not much is heard of Sir Hamar Greenwood since the last British general election, but the name of the versatile and dynamic Whitbyite frequently crops up when the anecdotes are being passed around. His old friends will recollect that when he was earning his spurs he was the victim of a rather serious accident in the early days of the summer of 1903. He was repaired at the King's College Hospital, which is, from a religious point of view, Episcopalian, and the ministers of that church are permitted to act as spiritual guides to those who may be patients there. One Sunday the parson for the day was making his rounds, chatting here and there with different patients and he arrived at the bedside of Mr. Greenwood. The man of the cloth spoke a few comforting words to the coming statesman, voicing sympathy with him in his pain and affliction, when Mr. Greenwood interrupted him by asking:

"How are you on the education question?"

"Oh," replied the reverend gentleman, "I am strongly in favor of the proposed bill going through."

Then came the command from the patient, "In that case move on to the next bed."

Wilson's Hardware Store

Unsurpassed for economy, and strength or durability.

Farm Fence, Poultry Fence, Lawn Fence, Lawn Border, U. Bar Steel Posts, Farm Gates. A carload coming.

D. B. WILSON

'Phone 138.

Revising Lists.

The Board of Revising Officers are giving notice in this issue of the dates of their sittings in both Lennox and Addington. See that your name is on the Voters' List and do not blame anyone else, if when election day arrives you find you have no vote.

No U. F. O. Candidate.

The U. F. O. of Lennox met in convention in the Town Hall, Napanee, on Saturday. There was a good attendance and considerable interest shown in the meeting. The meeting decided not to place a candidate in the field in the present Provincial election.

Correcting an Error.

Owing to a misleading impression gained from a part of the advertisement inserted in the "Beaver" announcing Miss Gordon's address before the Ladies' Conservative Association, of Lennox, that the above speaker came to Napanee under the auspices of the Daughters of the Empire, the Executive of the "U. E. Loyalist" Chapter, L.O.D.E., wish it to be distinctly understood that the Chapter had nothing whatever to do with Miss Gordon's appearance in Napanee on Saturday last. The Imperial Order Daughters of the Empire being a strictly non-political and un-sectarian organization.

When you require a paint with rich, glossy enamel finish, ask for B. & H. English Varnish White. For sale only at WALLACE'S.

Dr. Vrooman's Committee Rooms

Committee Rooms have been opened

Over the Empire Restaurant Opposite Campbell House

where electors will be welcomed and any information required in regard to the Provincial Elections may be secured.

Make the Committe Rooms your Headquarters while in town.

GARDEN SEEDS

We carry a large stock of GARDEN SEEDS in bulk, and sell them in any quantity at a very reasonable price.

SWEET CORN, SUGAR BEETS, MANGEL,

TURNIPS, ONION SETS, BEANS.

We also have a good Garden Fertilizer in five pound cartons at **40 Cents.**

WIZARD BRAND SHEEP MANURE in bulk and five pound cartons.

GEO. E. WINTER SEEDS

DUNDAS STREET, 'PHONE 78.

'Phone 359. **McIntosh Bros.** 'Phone 359.

(Six Stores)

For Housefurnishings

CURTAIN SCRIMS
White and Ecru, from 15c. yard.

CURTAIN NETS
White and Cream, 35c., 50c., and 75c. yard

SCOTCH MADRAS
Extra Special, from 35c. yard

WINDOW SHADES
White, Cream and Green, (oil finish) 95c.

Special value in BRASS WINDOW CURTAIN RODS from 15c.

We have just received a new consignment of LADIES' GINGHAM DRESSES
In all the latest Styles
Prices from $1.95 up

SPECIAL REDUCTIONS IN CHINA, ALUMINUM AND GLASSWARE

Ask for McINTOSH BROS, LAUNDRY SOAP 10 1-lb. Bars for 75c. Everybody's using it.

Shop at

McINTOSH BROS., NAPANEE BRANCH.

Where You Get Value for Your Money.

GRACE METH. CHURCH

A. J. TERRILL, B.A., B.D., Pastor.

9 a.m.—Class meeting.
9.45 a.m.—Young people's class
Public worship at 10.30 and 7.
Rev. R. Bamforth will preach.
11.45—Go to Sunday School Sunday.
Monday, 8 p.m.—Young People's League.
Wednesday, 7.45 p.m.—Mid-week Prayer and Praise service.

Save the Surface.

And you save all. Martin-Senour 100 per cent. pure paints and varnishes have made a reputation for themselves. Every can guaranteed. Other lines of prepared paints at $1.10 per qt. at WILSON' SHARDWARE.

Napanee Collegiate Institute.

Misses Louise Baird and Laura M. Smith, of the N.C.I. have won bronze medals in the April International Typewriting Tests. They made records of 41 and 43 net words respectively. Miss Josephine Vroman was successful in obtaining a speed certificate for writing 30 net words per minute.

U. E. L. Meeting.

A meeting will be held at the City Hall, Belleville, Thursday, Thursday, May 17th at 8 p.m., to organize for the celebration of the 164th anniversary of the settlement of Upper Canada by the United Empire Loyalists. All persons, whether U. E. L.'s or not are welcome. Please come.

W. C. MIKEL.

The Market Grocery.

We still have a few of those beautiful Tuberous Begonias in deep Red, Scarlet, Rose, Orange, Salmon and White. Start them now and place outside about June 1st. When you wish the finest Teas and Coffee try this store. Ogilvie's Flour is sold and guaranteed by us. We have in stock the best varieties of melon seeds. Place your order with us for anything you want in plants.

THOMPSON BROS.

Returns Again to Napanee.

Mr. Fred Kane has resumed his position at the Strand Theatre, after a two months vacation. He has many new surprises which he intends putting on at the Strand and he will be glad to see all his old customers as well as many new ones return again to the Theatre. He promises to do his best to satisfy everyone, so start right, read the Theatre ad. in the Express every week and see the big programs.

"The Lord hath laid on Him the iniquity of us all." Isa. 53-6; "If we suffer we shall also reign with Him." 2 Tim. 2-12; "Let this mind be in you, which was also in Christ Jesus," Phil. 2-5; Show me Thy ways O Lord; teach me Thy paths." Ps. 25-4; "Seek ye the Lord while He may be found, call ye upon Him while He is near. Let the wicked forsake his way and the unrighteous man his thoughts and let him return unto the Lord, and he will have mercy upon him and to our God for He will abundantly pardon." Isa. 55, 6-7.

Lord, make me Thine forever,
Nor let me faithless prove;
O let me never, never,
Abuse Thy dying love.

A BIBLE LOVER.

F. C. MARTIN & SON

FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS

Parlors and Office: Dundas St., Napanee

Office Telephone No. 74.
Residence Telephone No. 375

We succeed Ming & Hambly, who will assist us for a time.

F. C. MARTIN & SON.

24-6m

Bicycle and Auto Supplies

Auto Tires, all prices, from $8.25 up.
Mobile Oil, $1.00 and $1.20 gallon.
Spark Plugs, 40c., to fit Fords; Spark Plugs, 50c to fit Chevrolets.
Storage Batteries, $15 up.
Columbia Dry Cells, Flash Lights, and Batteries.
New C.C.M. Red Bicycles, $38.00.
Second-hand Bicycles $20.
Horse Clippers sharpened.
Radio Batteries for sale.

ALBERT SMITH'S
West of Campbell House

Do You Need a Refrigerator?

Warm weather will come and a Refrigerator is a necessity. Come in and examine the

BARNET and RENFREW REFRIGERATORS.

COAL OIL STOVES

GARDEN SUPPLIES, Tools, Seeds.

DAVY & ALLISON, Next to Caton's.

Spend A Little Save A Lot

Its surprising what DRY CLEANING can do in putting smartness and longer wear into a man's clothes.

Bring in your Suits and have them Cleaned and put in shape.

JAMES WALTERS, MERCHANT TAILOR. NAPANEE

ST ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., pastor.

Sunday, 10.30—Morning Worship.
11.45—Sunday school and bible classes.
Sunday, 7.00 p. m.—Evening Worship.
Thursday, 7.30 p.m.—Midweek service.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church:

10.30—Holy Communion.
12.00—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening prayer.

Pyrex Glass Ovenware.

The ideal baking dish for meats vegetables, deserts. A complete line always in stock. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

The Salvation Army.

The local Self-Denial effort in aid of the Social and Rescue Work of the Salvation Army, is progressing very successfully. The report of the canvassers is encouraging. On Saturday, May 19th, a Tag Day will be held as conclusion to this worthy cause. All are invited to contribute. Donations can be forwarded to Ensign S. Harrison, Box 378, Salvation Army, Napane.

An Auto Ditched.

On Thursday afternoon, on the Deseronto Road, about two miles west of Napanee, Rev. and Mrs. John McKinnon and daughter, of North Gower, while driving on the highway were ditched and Mrs. McKinnon severely injured, necessitating medical attention and a number of stitches in her head. Mr. McKinnon and his daughter escaped with a severe shaking up. Mr. McKinnon was driving the car and turned around in his seat to say something to his daughter and lost control of the car, which plunged into a dep ditch. The top of the car was completely wrecked and the front and one door smashed.

Tan and Patent Leather Sandels for the little ones at WILSON'S SHOE STORE.

Late Henry Simpkins, Odessa.

Friends and relatives paid their last respects to the late Henry Simpkins, on Tuesday, 8th May, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. M. A. Joyce, Napanee. Deceased was within a few days of reaching his eighty-third year, having died early Monday morning after a couple of weeks' illness, although gradually failing for a number of years. He was a devoted Christian and well known around Odessa and vicinity. The late Mr. and Mrs. Simpkins were well beloved and will be missed by the family and other relatives.

Those left to mourn are two daughters, Mrs. Dwight O. Frink, Odessa; Mrs. M. A. Joyce, Napanee, and one son, E. Roy Simpkins, Toronto. There is one brother, Miles W. Simpkins, Newburgh, and a sister, Mrs. Richard Bailey, Inverary.

Influence of Golf.

The writer sincerely believes that one of the greatest influences toward clean living that this country has is golf. The very environment of the game, the beautiful club houses, the family aspect of the associations of the club houses, the class of men who play the game, cannot fail to impress the minds of young men. The writer has known older men who had become coarse-grained from contact with the rough edges of life to take up golf and suddenly become subdued, modified in manner, in speech. The importance of golf to a community, to young men, cannot be exaggerated. Show us a golf-playing town and the writer will show you a town in which refinement is above the average.—Denion Runyon, in New York American.

Lorain and Perfection Oil Stoves. Come in and look them over. DAVY & ALLISON.

Gas From Food Presses on Heart

If food does not digest it turns into poisons which form gas. This often presses on heart and other organs causing a nervous, restless feeling. Simple buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adlerika, removes foul, decaying food-matter you never thought was in your system, which caused gas and pressure on heart. Adlerika expels poisons and gas from BOTH upper and lower bowel. EXCELLENT to guard against appendicitis. Wallace's Drug Store, Limited.

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. A. H. Foster.

10.00—Class meeting.
10.30—Morning Service. Rev. B. Redmond will preach.
11.45 a.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7.00 p.m.—Evening Service. Rev. B. Redmond will preach.
Wednesday, 7.30 p.m.—Congregational meeting. Special programme, light refreshments.
Everybody welcome.

Says It's Worth Weight in Gold

Mrs. Matthews Pays High Tribute To Tanlac For Ending Stomach Trouble.

"I am so thankful for the wonderful benefits I have received from the Tanlac treatment I just want to tell everybody in Toronto about it," declared Mrs. Ellen Matthews, 104 Eastern Ave., Toronto, Ontario.

"I suffered so terribly with stomach trouble and a run-down condition that I feared nervous collapse. My appetite almost deserted me and even the little I did manage to eat disagreed with me, and I bloated with gas till my heart palpitated and I was dreadfully short of breath. I couldn't get a good night's sleep and was so worn out I couldn't even do my errands to the store.

"I heard so much praise of Tanlac I finally bought a bottle, and it was worth its weight in gold. Six bottles have made me perfectly well, without a sign of the old troubles I had suffered with for seven years, and my weight has been increased too. I consider it a duty to recommend Tanlac."

Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Accept no substitute. Over 37 million bottles sold.

Muresco.

The popular wall finish. All shades in stock, white in bulk. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Inspection.

The annual inspection of the Cadet Corps will take place at the grounds of the Collegiate Institute on Monday afternoon next, May 21st, at 3 o'clock. The inspecting officer will be Capt. Herron. The public is cordially invited to be present.

Notice.

I pay highest cash prices for men's, women's and children's second hand clothing. Will call at any address. Drop me a card.

ALBERT MOWERS,
Mill Street, West.
22-d-p Box 559, Napanee.

Notice.

We wish to announce that our undertaking business has been sold to Frank C. Martin, an experienced and licensed embalmer of the city of Kingston. Mr. Martin will occupy the same premises as formerly occupied and will be assisted by us. We cordially commend Mr. Martin.

Yours etc.,
MING & HAMBLY.

The Home of The Shell Product, Made by a British Company.

Shell Gasoline is the highest test and purest gas now offered to motorists and will be used exclusively by those wishing the best quality of gas. Crown gas is also a superior Shell product, which will be sold at the same price as ordinary gas and will give satisfaction to car users. Sold in Napanee only at

22-d UNGAR'S GARAGE.

If you are looking for a good time on Victoria Day, a run in your car to Picton's Big Victoria Day Celebration will make for an ideal day's outing. If you are fond of good Horse Races, Picton's program will please you, as there will be a 2.15 Class, 2.20 Class, 2.24 Class and a Named Race. If you are fond of Baseball, there will be an exciting double header, Picton and outside teams. If you are fond of dancing, the Victoria Day Dance in the Armouries on the night of May 24th, promises to be the most enjoyable event of the season. Plan to be in Picton for this great day.

Rupture Relief

APPLIANCE EXPERT COMING

You need not suffer another day from ill-fitting trusses. Correct retention with comfort will relieve you at once and afford lasting benefit. Greatest success where others fail. If you have tried most everything, now is the time you need personal scientific service. So says Thos. Y. Egan, Surgical Appliances, 1057 College Street, Toronto, who will visit Kingston, British-American Hotel, May 26-27; Napanee, Campbell House, Monday (all day and night) 1 day only, May 28; Belleville, Crystal Hotel, May 29.

The Egan "Curatrus" with new "Easyfit" protective shields (as now used and approved) are nature's own remedy. They retain with perfect ease, and allow nature to close the opening quicker and better than any other known appliance or non-operative method, and at small cost—prepared to measure (men, women, children, infants) for all conditions before and after operations. Nothing in the world to equal these new surgical inventions for style, neatness, lightness, reliability and quick results.

If interested, do not fail to call in full confidence no matter how long you have suffered. Note dates, tell others. Ask at hotel office for Mr. Egan's private sample room. Tear this out now as a reminder. (Advt.)

24-b

Screen doors and window screens, all sizes. DAVY & ALLISON.

ASSURANCE

THOSE who employ us have the assurance that they will receive the highest degree of service and satisfaction.

We are equipped to handle a commission in a thorough manner. Our services are dependable and polite.

MASTERS & TIERNEY UNDERTAKERS
FULL MOTOR EQUIPMENT
WALLPAPERS, WINDOW SHADES
'PHONE 78 DUNDAS STREET

Announcing a New Electric Range Burner

If you have awaited the coming of the perfected, fast-heating electrical range—you need wait no longer!

The New National Electric conical-shaped burner brings about a complete change. It means faster heat, enhanced convenience, greater economy and protection.

See this wonderful new range now being demonstrated.

Have a look at the National Irons and Toasters as well.

If you are thinking of wiring your house, come in and get a price from us.

An assortment of electrical supplies always on hand.

Vine's Electric Shop

Market Square, Napanee
'Phone 367.

Auto Livery.

Night and day service. First-class, comfortable cars, careful, reliable drivers.

UNGAR'S GARAGE,
22-d 'Phone 333.

Spring Boots.

Try us for your spring coarse Boots. We stock the Peterboro Brand. We have some odd sizes going cheap. Don't forget to bring your repairs.

SEYMOUR BROS.,
Near Post Office.

WONDERLAND

NAPANEE'S FAVORITE PLACE OF AMUSEMENT.

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

Daniel Carson Goodman presents "WHAT'S WRONG WITH THE WOMEN," a woman's soul laid bare; a photo dramatic masterpiece of every-day life.

And a 2-reel comedy.

And next episode of "THE TIMBER QUEEN."

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Adolph Zukor presents Dorothy Dalton in one of her best, "THE CRIMSON CHALLENGE." This is a special all star cast.

Also a Stan Laurel comedy, "MUD AND SAND."

And next episode of our serial, "THE PLUNDER."

MONDAY and TUESDAY

"ROSE O' THE SEA" registers another sparkling triumph for Anita Stewart as a girl who wastes her love on a reckless youth and is paid in full by the father.

Also a special two-reel comedy, "SPOOKS."

Black's Orchestra Wednesday Nights.

The Home of High Class Pictures and Road Shows.

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.

BRANTFORD

ASPHALT SHINGLES

The Best Shingles Made

W. J. Jewell, Agent

Napanee, Ont.

INSURANCE?

Has it ever occurred to you that you are taking a large risk in not having your household goods, house, barns or crop protected by insurance. If you are not protected, or wish any information on insurance matters, consult us.

HARSHAW & SON

Insurance Agents and Adjusters,

HARSHAW BLOCK, NAPANEE.

We will be glad to render you any service possible.

A "Want Adv." in The Napanee Express will bring results. Try it.

Liberal Convention for Addington

By direction of the Executive of the Addington Liberal Association all Liberals in Addington County are cordially invited to meet in Convention, in the

Town Hall, Tamworth, on Wednesday, May 16th, 1923 at 2 p.m.

for the purpose of Election of Officers and selecting a Candidate to contest the Riding of Addington in the Liberal interests in the present Provincial Election.

Ladies are especially invited to be present.

Major Rev. J. C. Tolmie, M.P.P.

will address the meeting.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

E. F. SMITH,

Auto Electric Service Station
JOHN ST., NAPANEE,
Opposite Dominion Bank

When you need sound advice, expert repair work on any make of battery or a new battery, let us serve you. We sell and recommend the long-life Exide.

THE LONG-LIFE BATTERY FOR YOUR CAR

Exide
MADE IN CANADA
BATTERIES

A CONTRAST OF BLACK AND WHITE

Is often very effective in a Monument.

A white stone of Granite or Marble, inset with a panel of Black marble, may be suitable for your purpose.

Of course we can give you any design and style of stone you desire.

WM. HOWITT, - NAPANEE

ASPIRIN

UNLESS you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all

Genuine BAYER

Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds	Headache	Rheumatism
Toothache	Neuralgia	Neuritis
Earache	Lumbago	Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Seeds!

SEE ME FOR

Timothy No. 1, Red Clover, (local and imported.) Alfalfa, (local and Northern Gold,) Alsike, and all kinds of Flour and Feed.

Frost Fencing and Gates always on hand.

FRED. A. PERRY,
Dundas Street,
NAPANEE, - ONTARIO.
Opposite Campbell House.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Estate of Martha Emberley, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Chapter 121 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, section 56, and amending Acts, that all persons having any claims against the estate of Martha Emberley, late of the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, widow, deceased, are required to deliver or send to the undersigned on or before the 25th day of May, A.D. 1923, full particulars of their claims duly verified.

And further take notice that after the said 25th day of May, A.D., 1923, the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate and shall not be liable to any person whose claims shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,
Solicitors for the said estate.

Dated this 18th day of April, 1923.

TALKING RECIPROCITY

Old Question Again Enters Political Arena.

Suggestions Made by Hon. W. S. Fielding During Course of Budget Speech in Canadian House of Commons Arouses Interest in Washington—Tariff Controversy Is to be Reopened.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Suggestions made in the Canadian House of Commons by W. S. Fielding, Minister of Finance, relative to reciprocity on agricultural products with the United States, threatens to renew the tariff controversy which wrecked the administration of William Howard Taft in this country and that of Premier Sir Wilfrid Laurier in Canada. Under the flexible tariff clause in the Fordney-McCumber Bill and by the power given Canada through the Governor-in-Council, both countries are able to make the suggested reductions without legislative action.

The Canadian dissatisfaction with the United States tariff is well-known and is regarded as interfering with the increasingly close relations with Canada which the Oregone administration is endeavoring to foster. Minister Fielding is the same man who negotiated the original reciprocity treaty with Taft Administration which resulted so disastrously to the parties in power on both sides of the border.

Officials of the Harding Administration were silent on the suggestion, but the new members of Congress who are in Washington showed keen interest in the proposal.

Mr. Fielding's proposal is assumed to have been made as a part of the policy of the King Cabinet and probably as a result of investigation of sentiment relative to the tariff in the agricultural sections of the United States.

Regardless of enthusiastic references to the effect of the tariff made by Administration supporters, reports from the middle west show opposition to it. Outside of growers of hard wheat, located mostly in North Dakota and Montana, dirt farmers are understood to be in a state of revolt against the tariff on grounds that what benefits they obtain are more than offset by the higher prices they are compelled to pay for the things they buy.

This is especially true of farmers in the corn growing sections who find themselves robbed of one of their chief resources which has consisted in the past in bringing "feeders" over from Canada—cattle which were fattened on American corn. Turning American corn into profitable and saleable beef by this method is now barred because of the encroachment of the tariff which eats up the profit.

The tariff reciprocity feature has been a theoretical element of the Republican tariff policy, out which has up to this time resulted in gestures only. The Blaine reciprocity arrangements with South America never found their way out of State Department green baize, while the fate of the Tart-Laurier reciprocity arrangement is well-known.

The belief prevails here and seems to exist in Ottawa that conditions have changed since then and that any new reciprocity arrangement will profit by the mistakes of the last one. The American farmer objected to the Taft arrangement chiefly on the ground that while he was to be admitted into open competition with the Canadian farmer, the tariff on his machinery was not disturbed. A new reciprocity arrangment would probably have to take this into consideration.

It is noted, however, that Mr. Fielding's suggestion deals only with a possible 50 per cent. reduction that both ways, on cattle, wheat, wheat flour, oats, barley, potatoes, onions, turnips, hay and straw. It is assumed that the Administration takes a proposal along this line, the American farmers will clamor once more for a reconsideration of the tariff on things he buys, especially on farm machinery, something that is likely to reopen the entire tariff controversy.

There is an increasing school in the United States which believes that regardless of tariff policies existing elsewhere, the tariff bars should be let down completely between the two English-speaking American countries. The pro-British element in Canada is expected to oppose such a program on the ground that increasing commercial relations between Canada and the United States might result in closer political alliation.

Foul Play is Indicated.

BRIGHTON, Ont., May 14.—While excavating for a grave for a cow that died on the farm of C. Baker, near here, the remains of a human skeleton were unearthed. Part of a shoe was also discovered, leading to the belief that the body been clothed when buried.

The position of the body, placed face downwards in a crampled position, and the shallow excavation made, would also confirm the impression that haste influenced those responsible for the deed. Coroner Dr. F. M. Burr, of Brighton, has taken charge of the skeleton, which will be sent to Toronto for expert examination and opinion.

Dam Bursts at Grand Forks.

GRAND FORKS, B.C. May 14.—Fifty thousand dollars worth of damage was done Saturday afternoon when a 250-foot concrete dam, holding an artificial lake, on Hardy Mountain, gave way. No lives were lost. The dam was built in the pioneers' community to provide water for irrigation. Peter Veregin, head of the colony, estimates the damage at $25,000.

WENT TO SEE DADDY.

Tragic Death of Little Child at Georgetown.

GEORGETOWN, May 14.—One of the saddest tragedies which have occurred here for some time took place Saturday, when the two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward King fell from the Grand Trunk Railway bridge and was instantly killed.

No one witnessed the accident. The child left its home in the early morning, presumably to follow his father to the paper mills, some distance up the river, where he was employed. When, after some time, he failed to return, considerable anxiety was felt, and search parties were hastily organized.

When all their efforts failed to discover the child, it was thought that he had been drowned in the river, and accordingly the stream was dragged below the child's home. As no trace of the little fellow was found the search was resumed farther up the river. Toward evening a sack with which the child had been playing was found on the bank under the railway bridge. The body was discovered a short distance from it. The little fellow's neck was broken, and it is thought that the child, attempting to cross the bridge, fell through one of the spaces between the railway ties.

RED ARMY IS READY

Trotsky Says That Russians Are Prepared to Fight.

Mobs Hang Lord Curzon in Effigy in the Streets of Moscow, But Soviet Leaders Propose a Conference—Effort Will be Made to Prevent International Breach.

MOSCOW, May 14.—While thousands of demonstrators marched through the streets Saturday, hanging effigies of Lord Curzon, the British Foreign Secretary, and crying "down with war," Tchitcherin and Trotsky, the Soviet leaders, speaking at a great mass meeting of the Moscow Soviet, declared that Russia's reply to the British ultimatum would be an effort to avoid a break in the relations, if possible.

"We offer England a conference," said M. Tchitcherin, urging Russia to act in such a manner as not to yield to provocation, so that if a break comes, the responsibility will not be Russia's.

"We shall not utter a word to hamper negotiations," said War Minister Trotsky, "and will by all means try to keep peace. But if war comes the Red army is ready."

Tchitcherin, dressed in the uniform of a member of the Red army, and wearing a red decoration, was the chief speaker at the meeting, held in a theatre.

The theatre was crowded to the doors, while, in the streets thousands listened to the speakers from motor trucks and balconies, all of whom made reference to what they termed the war threat against Russia in the British note; in the assassination of Vorovsky at Lausanne, and in other recent international developments.

Referring to Vorovsky, M. Tchitcherin said:

"This is a symptom of the general European situation. The direct responsibility rests with the Swiss Government, which took no preventive measures, while the moral responsibility is on England, France and Italy, who originally invited the Russian delegation to Lausanne."

Regarding the British note, which he characterized as insolent, Tchitcherin said:

"We are getting telegrams that British warships are already in the White Sea; perhaps by now they have opened hostilities against our ships.

"The note contains false facts and messages improperly deciphered, but the chief point to be considered is the eastern question. We must reply calmly and firmly. Russia will not yield, but we should not yield to provocation and act in a manner bringing shame upon ourselves.

"Russia will not go back a single step before the demands; we therefore offer a conference. We are ready to discuss the losses sustained by British citizens in 1920, but we will reduce our losses against those Lloyd England shot during the intervention in the north. We desire peace, and do not want a break, but we will wait until the enemy attacks us."

The Foreign Minister was followed by War Minister Trotsky, who said the decision that Russia wants peace, but the Red army was ready, if necessary.

"If war comes it will be a long one; it will delay the building up of our country for many years, but the Red army, which wants peace, will carry out its duty until the end."

Wolodarsky Bakinsky, the slain Soviet and President of the Moscow Soviet, paid tribute to Vorovsky. The bullet which killed him was directed not only against Vorovsky, but against the Soviet Government, the Communist party and the entire labor movement.

"We swear to take revenge," he declared. "Let our enemies think what they like, but they will not frighten us by bullets or notes. We will continue the liberation of the east and the west."

M. Bucharin, head of the left wing of the Soviet central committee, in more belligerent tone, said that the capitalist powers constituted a barbarous civilization. "We are telling them to go to hell," he shouted.

The meeting adopted a resolution to send a letter to J. ramsey MacDonald, leader of the labor organization in the British House of Commons, declaring that Russia does not not yield to an ultimatum, but was ready to come to an agreement if Great Britain was ready to negotiate, and also a letter to Dr. Nansen, head of the League of Nations in Russia asking him to use his influence against a break and possible war.

The ruble dropped sharply Saturday, particularly in private trading. Some stabilization set in later.

During the street demonstration Saturday troops stood directly in front of the door of the British mission, and at lunch hour the mission, thus strongly protected, was the quietest place in Moscow.

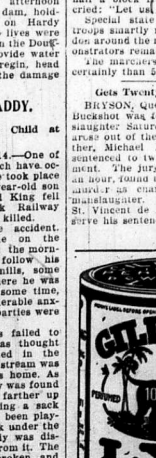
A few young Communists halted half a block from the mission and cried: "Let us get at them."

Special state police and cavalry troops smartly mounted drew a cordon around the mission, and the demonstrators remained at a distance.

The marchers numbered no fewer certainly than 50,000.

Gets Twenty-Year Sentence.

BRYSON, Que., May 14.—Xavier Buckshot was found guilty of manslaughter Saturday in a case which arose out of the shooting of his brother, Michael Buckshot. He was sentenced to twenty years imprisonment, which was given for an hour, found the man not guilty of murder as charged, but guilty of manslaughter. He will be taken to St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary to serve his sentence.



THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1, northern, $1.25½, c.i.f., bay ports.

American Corn—No. 2 yellow, 2 yellow, 99½c.

Ontario Oats—No. 2 white, 59c to 62c, according to freight outside.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 winter, per car lots, nominal.

Peas—No. 2, $1.45 to $1.50, according to freights outside.

Barley—Malting, 58c to 61c, according to freight outside.

Rye—No. 2, according to freights outside, 79c to $1c.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 76c to 78c, according to freights outside.

Manitoba Flour—First patent, $7.30, Toronto; second patent, $6.80, Toronto.

Ontario Flour—90 p.c. patent, $5.10 to $5.20 in jute bags, Montreal, prompt shipment; Ontario flour, 90 p.c. patent, $5.05 to $5.15, in jute bags, Toronto, prompt shipment; Ontario flour, 90 p.c. patent, $4.75 to $5, bulk, seaboard.

Millfeed—Carlots, delivered Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, $29; shorts, $31; middlings, $36. Good feed flour, per bag, $2.15 to $2.25.

CATTLE MARKETS

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

TORONTO, May 14.—A moderate offering of cattle at the Union Stock Yards last week failed to result in any material appreciation in value. A little strength was shown on choice handyweight butcher steers, but the bulk of the shipments changed hands at prices unchanged from the previous week. Receipts for the opening market were fairly heavy, but subsequent offerings were light, and a good clean-up was made. The demand for heavy cattle for export was limited, owing to the lack of shipping space, but the situation is now showing some improvement.

More good milch cows and springers than were shipped would have found a good market at strong prices. Buyers were offering from $100 to $120 for good Holsteins. There was also a strong inquiry for stockers and feeders, and Ontario farmers purchased several loads. For stockers they paid from $4.75 to $6, while feeders changed hands from $6 to $7.25. Feeders for export brought from $7 to $7.75 a hundred. Export steers sold from $7.50 to $8.25 at the opening of the week, but were inclined to be lower after Monday's market. Choice steers sold up to $7.75 a hundred for a few lots, with most loads going at $7.25 to $7.50, and an odd one at $7.60. Cows held steady from 4c to 6c for the best, with bulls also unchanged from $4 to $5.

Hogs were in strong demand at the opening of the week, and the offering was a light one. Prices jumped about 40c a hundred and there was a further advance on Tuesday. There was an easier feeling on the midweek market, but prices closed near the high for the week.

Calves sold higher last week under a light run and a better demand on the part of the small butchers. Best offerings brought $11.50 to $12, with the bulk of the choice from $10 to $11.

Spring lambs sold at steady prices, sales being made anywhere from $8 to $15 each, according to quality. Good light sheep were inclined to be easier from $7 to $8.50 a hundred.

Receipts of live stock at the Union Yards last night for to-day's market were: cars, 246; cattle, 4,442; calves, 581; hogs, 5,008; sheep, 129.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, May 14.—Cattle receipts, 500; compared with a week ago, beef steers generally and beef heifers largely 25c to 50c higher; in between grades, fed steers reflecting maximum upturn; top, 1,549 to 1,649 lb. fed steers, $10.50; numerous loads choice, 1,315 to 1,500-lb. handyweights, $10.15@10; top yearlings, $10.25; stockers and feeders closing higher, with all grades best cows mostly 25c to 35c up; bulls and veal calves generally steady; week's bulk prices follow:

Beef steers and yearlings, $8.50 to $9.45; stockers and feeders, $7 to $8.50; beef cows and heifers, $6 to $8; canners and cutters, $3.50 to $4.75; veal calves, $8 to $10.50.

Sheep receipts, 7,000 to-day's receipts mostly fed lambs; few westerns; lambs, 75c to $1.25 higher; yearlings wethers, strong to 50c higher; aged sheep, 50c to $1 lower.

Clipped lambs, $12.25 to $13.75; woolled lambs, $15 to $15.75; yearlings, $11 to $11.50; wethers, $8 to $8.50; ewes, $4 to $7; shorn lambs, $11 to $12.50.

Hog receipts, 700; slow, around steady, with Friday's averages; top, $7.90; bulk, 160 to 210-lb. averages, $7.75 to $7.90; 140 to 150-lb. butchers, $7.50 to $7.70; packing sows, mostly $6.25 to $6.50; pigs steady; bulk, 110 to 130-lb. averages, $6.50 to $7.25; estimated holdover, 5,000; bulk of sales, $7.40 to $7.85; heavyweight, $7.75 to $7.80; medium, $7.60 to $7.90; light, $7.85 to $7.90; light lights, $6.75 to $7.85; packing sows, smooth, $6.75 to $7; packing sows, rough, $6 to $6.60; killing pigs, $6 to $7.50.

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

EAST BUFFALO, May 14.—Cattle receipts, 125; strong. Calves receipts, 100; steady; $4 to $12.50. Hog receipts, 4,800 slow; 10c to 15c lower, except pigs; heavy, $8 to $8.25; mixed, $8.25 to $8.35; yorkers, $8.35 to $8.40; light yorkers, $7.75 to $8.40; pigs, $7.50; roughs, $6; stags, $4 to $5. Sheep and lamb receipts, 1,200; strong; clipped lambs, $6 to $15.25; yearlings, $10 to $12.50.

Krupps' Sentence Illegal.

PARIS, May 14.—It has been discovered the sentence of twenty years' imprisonment passed by French court-martial on Dr. Gustav Krupp Von Bohlen and Halbach, head of Krupps, is illegal.

According to French law the maximum term for plain imprisonment is five years, and the military code is the same. Sentence to hard labor or to solitary imprisonment can be given for longer terms, but if the prisoner's offence can only be punished by imprisoned, five years is the limit.

The discovery has startled Paris, and although there is no sympathy for Bertha Krupp's husband, it is felt the law ought to be observed.

Memorial is Unveiled.

WINNIPEG, May 14.—With reverent ceremony, the monument erected by the Soldiers' Relatives' Memorial Association to the memory of 1,500 Winnipegers who lost their lives in the Great War, was unveiled Sunday afternoon on the grounds of the Parliament Buildings, before several thousand people. The monument is in bronze, representing a Canadian soldier stepping from the trenches in the moment of victory. The statue was designed by Lieut.-Col. F. N. Semmons, formerly commanding officer of the 78th Battalion, and Mrs. Hilland Taylor, of Winnipeg, modelled the figure.

Bandits to be Soldiers.

PEKIN, May 14.—The Pekin Government announces that its delegates reached terms at Licheng Saturday night with the bandits, under which the troops will be withdrawn and the bandits later will be enrolled in the national army.

Saved by 12-Year-Old Girl.

ENGLEHART, May 14.—The presence of mind of a 12-year-old girl saved a T. & N. O. passenger train from a possible wreck near Krugersdorf Friday. The girl noticed a broken rail and flagged the train.

Woman 106 Years of Age.

OWEN SOUND, Ont., May 14.—Maria Hansen, 108 years of age, the oldest resident of Owen Sound, was taken Sunday to the House of Refuge in Markdale.

WHEN TAXES CHANGE.

Ottawa Issues Instructions on Customs and Excise.

OTTAWA, May 14.—The dates on which tariff and revenue changes take effect under the new budget proposals are set forth in a memorandum to collectors of customs and excise issued by the department here Saturday night.

The changes are held to be in effect as follows:

(a) Customs tariff changes in effect on May 12, in respect of goods imported or taken out of warehouse for consumption on and after that day, and goods previously imported for which no entry for consumption was made before that day.

(b) Changes in Inland Revenue Act as respects cigarettes in effect on May 12. As respects the repeal of section 878, excise tax on sugar produced in Canada from raw sugar beets, in effect from January 1, 1923.

(c) Changes in Special War Revenue Act, 1915, and amending Acts, in effect August 1, 1923—except the provision proposed by section 2 of the resolution re excise tax on wines of all kinds, except sparkling wines, etc., to come into effect on a date to be fixed by proclamation of the Governor-in-Council. The changes which come into effect on August 1 are those concerning the stamp tax on cheques and receipts, and the sales tax.

Empire Cafe

Napanee's Leading Cafe — Opposite Campbell House

We are now operating in our new premises on Dundas street with a complete new equipment of furniture, dishes, etc., and are prepared to serve our many patrons with the best of service.

Our meals are prepared by experienced chefs and served in a dainty, tasty manner by waiters that know how to please.

Come and try our special Sunday dinner—price 50 cents.

Afternoon tea for ladies our specialty.

Come to a real city cafe for Sunday dinners. Our prices are moderate.

Weekly rates—$5.50.

Open 6.30 to 1.30. Sunday, 8.00 to 1.30

GEO. CHOW, Manager.

We Have Saved You the Best Bargains !

The big news of the sensational price cuts now in effect at The Napanee Shoe Store has spread far and wide and the crowds are larger every day, eager to benefit by savings. The selling will be fast ! The savings enormous ! Prices talk. Below are a few of the many hundreds of bargains.

Read every item carefully.

Ladies' Black, Brown patent leather strap or pump shoe in Kid or Dongola, reg. $4.75 for $3.29 ; reg. $4.25 for $2.99.

Men's Heavy Boots, every pair guaranteed solid leather, in Black or Brown, plain or with toe cap, reg. $4.50 for $3.29.

Just received, Men's Caps in a good variety of shades, unbreakable peaks, reg. $2.25 for 98c.

Free ! Free ! A Boys' Cap to every purchaser of a Boys' Suit, will be given free. These suits are the newest out, a good variety of colors. They have to go. Reg. $14.00 for $7.59.

These are just a few ouf our bargains. Everything is reduced in proportion.

The Napanee Shoe Store

DUNDAS ST. OPPOSITE WONDERLAND THEATRE

The New OVERLAND Blue Bird

Has won Immediate Public Favor

Never before in Canada has a car had such a reception. The Blue Bird has stepped into immediate popularity—and rightly.

For this new Overland is not only the most satisfying Overland ever produced—but we believe it represents value that nothing on wheels can approach.

Powered with the same motor that won such fame for the Overlands of last year, the new car is much roomier—with 106-inch wheel base and ample legroom.

The doors are full 23 inches in width, the seats are wide ; the cushions deep ; the appointments rich and complete in every detail ; cord tires all round ; barrel headlights. The ingenious Triplex Springs kill jolt, jounce and side sway.

Finished in the most beautiful and distinctive of shades, Blue Bird Blue.

Touring Car only, $985 f.o.b. Toronto, Taxes Extra

PAUL'S GARAGE, NAPANEE, ONTARIO

THE FARMER'S FRIEND

Relieves caked bag, garget, spider or infection of the teat, also thrush in horses' feet, fistula, etc. Stops bleeding at once. Removes proud flesh, soreness and swelling.

At all Dealers and Druggists.

Manufactured only by DOUGLAS & CO., NAPANEE, Ont.

Best Cumberland Smithing Coal.

22-1f VANLUVEN'S COAL YARD

Are Instincts Transplanted?

A gripping story by Alan Sullivan, in Everybody's Magazine, is based on the transplanting of monkey glands. Jennison, the biologist in the story, says:

"When you have planted the thyroid gland of an ape, you may possibly transplant his instincts. We were all apes once. Some of us moved on; some stayed behind.

"You surgeons dabble your red fingers in tissues and glands that may possess a potency beyond your wildest thoughts. You work somewhere along the line between the known and the unknown. Is it not possible to prolong life at the cost of that which is worth more than mere existence?"

NOTICE TO FARMERS IN LENNOX.

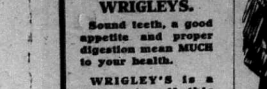
The Lennox Agricultural Society Standing Field Crop Competition for oats, $75.00 will be given in prizes. 1st, $20 ; 2nd, $15 ; 3rd, $12 ; 4th, $10 ; 5th, $8 ; 6th, $6 ; 7th, $4. In addition to these prizes there are three prizes for best sheaf, 1st, $4 ; 2nd, $3 ; 3rd, $2. Any farmer can enter in this competition that has five acres of oats. For full information apply to C. C. Main or J. L. Boyes, Sec'y Lennox Fair, at once.

Let us demonstrate how easy it is to do your own graining. Full instructions at WALLACE'S.

give your digestion a "kick" with WRIGLEY'S.

Sound teeth, a good appetite and proper digestion mean MUCH to your health.

WRIGLEY'S is a helper in all this work—a pleasant, beneficial pick-me-up.



The MAN NOBODY KNEW

By

Holworthy Hall

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Her look to him was first of astonishment at his surrender, and, after that, of swift, ineffable pity for the unnamed forces which were influencing him. Womanliness hung in the balance; and then, in a flash of perfect comprehension of his plight, she knew that she could speak to him without reserve. He had passed beyond the bounds of conventionality; she put herself, mentally, at his side.

"If it hurts you to say it," she said, "I've known you've been . . . fond of me. How could I help it? And why shouldn't you have the right to think of it? Why shouldn't you have the right to be yourself? Why shouldn't you have the right to talk to me, and to expect me to hear you, and try to understand? You haven't thought that my father is the only one of us to do that, have you?" The reproof was exquisite.

"Ever since that day . . . the time you played to me" he said, "I've fought against it—fought like the very devil, and—"

"I've known that, too—and you've come to see me so seldom. I'd hoped at least that you'd give yourself the chance you said you wanted."

He stiffened he ardently. "To force there was a condition . . . an imperative condition . . . and it's only fair to you to tell you that it's a condition I can't ever meet—ever. That's why I'm here. I had to tell you."

There was a profound stillness.

"Can't you explain?" she said at last. "I wish you would. You're making me feel very bad, Mr. Hilliard. You owe it to me—"

He had to exert his utmost will to make the beginning. "All I can explain is that I've made another mistake . . ." After the first great effort the words came tumbling, passionately, unchecked. "It would have been so infinitely better for both of us if I'd never met you at all. . . . My life has been a whole series of mistakes; this is the worst. . . . The worst. . . . Of course, it would be absurdly simple if I were going away from—Syracuse, if I were going back to the war I'd like myself. Just a man—a man—like Jack Armstrong. I hoped we could simply eliminate the past, and . . . I can't get away from it. It's on my heels every minute. It's what I am, now . . . but if I went much further back than that, you and the doctor would both think just what I do about myself . . . and I'd have to say goodby to you anyway . . . just as I'm doing tonight. I hope you can see that I'm not telling all this to you from any other motive except to be quite honest with you. Quite honest—for once. I care too much about you to let you live another day without knowing that I can't go on—it's over. . . . I'm not fit to be even your friend. That's all."

She sat motionless. Hilliard had turned back to the fireplace.

"Were you as bad . . . as that?" she whispered.

"Once," he said bitterly, over his shoulder, "I used to be a gentleman. But that was a long time ago."

She raised her head. "Nothing could ever make me believe," she said, "that you haven't always been just as I've known you—since July. Nothing can, and nothing will. What you may think about yourself makes no difference to me. I—"

"Don't!" he said, and his tone was agonized. "Don't you see—"

"I don't believe you," she said steadily.

Hilliard's voice was unstable with his great bitterness of failure. "You flatter me,' he said harshly. "And besides—you're wrong."

"Don't! Don't!"

She was up, and beside him, smiling bravely into his eyes, and he was flogging his will to keep his hungry arms from snatching her, from sweeping her close to him, and . . .

"What do you think women are?" she demanded, with sweet imperiousness. "Nothing but marble statues—or putty ones? Just made to stand around and let the world go past, without having anything to say about it?"

He retreated to the wall in self-defense. "Don't! Don't! I'm the one who's driven myself into this corner—not you!" . . .

"But you don't have to stay in it always, do you?"

He stared at her in mystification.

"Don't be silly," she said, "and don't be unreasonable; I'm not!" She touched his sleeve; his expression was unsuccessfully unchanged. "Don't make me think you are unreasonable!" she said compassionately. "If you're not satisfied, why can't you make yourself what you want to be? Instead of brooding over the past, that you can't help, why don't you think about things you can help? Living is about all there is to live for, isn't it?"

He drew in his breath perilously. "But I'm letting you go," he said, dazed.

She stamped her foot in tremulous severity. "No, you're not; I won't allow it! Can't you see why? Do I have to tell you that? Well . . . because I want you for a friend even if you don't want me."

"Want you!" he cried, and remembered himself, and froze to immobility. "Oh—as a friend!"

"Surely, as a friend—what else did you think I meant?"

The young man shook his head. "I don't know. Only I came up here to tell you I haven't any right to your friendship. I can't tell you why . . . I haven't as much callousness as all that . . . but if I did tell you, your last atom of faith in me would be gone. And you can't afford to have me even for a friend—now that I've said that, can you?"

"Yes," she said steadfastly, "I can afford it."

"When . . . when I've told you . . ." His lips were parted in amazedness, his eyes roved dully. "I can't under— . . . I'm telling you I'm not worth the powder to blow me to hades." He laughed oddly. "That's proved already, over and over again. . . . Don't you understand? . . . Carol . . ." His voice broke. "Why, Carol . . . I'm not fit to talk to you. That's proved, too. . . . I'm proving it now! I'm saying it now. And you—" He put his hand to his forehead, and brushed back his hair, which was strangely wet. "I can't make it any plainer," he said, with helpless finality.

"No matter what's happened," she said earnestly, "I can't believe it isn't coming out all right. So if you'll just keep on living, and working, and trying . . . and . . . Here her eyes were so appealing that his own dimmed to behold them. "And you haven't been so very dreadful after all, have you?"

Hilliard retreated once again, not trusting those hungry, lawless arms of his.

"I'm just wondering," he said, with a terrible smile, which was entirely devoid of mirth, "if a man happens to be in a . . . a sort of transition period, you know—half way between . . . I wonder what's coming to him. I wonder what is coming to him. . . . I wonder if the whirlwind doesn't get him both ways."

* * * * * * *

After the street door had closed behind him, Carol went slowly along the corridor to the doctor's study and knocked, out of sheer habit. His pleasant baritone came to her reassuringly.

"Yes?"

"Are you busy, dear?" Few men, on hearing her voice, with that suggestive catch in it, would have confessed to a previous engagement.

"Not when you're around," said the doctor, appearing on the threshold. His tone altered suddenly. "What's wrong?" he said.

"Daddy," said Carol, "he's gone. . . . You saw him, too . . . what is it? What is it?" She was trembling violently; the big doctor gathered her up in his arms without ceremony and carried her over to his favorite leather chair.

"Fires burning," said Doctor Durant, quietly. "Burning and burning and burning . . . like the ones you're seen down in the blast furnaces . . . white hot, and crucible steel comes out of them . . . strong enough to make permanent things out of . . ." He smoothed her hair, and she sighed quiveringly, and lay still. "And the steel lasts ten thousand times as long as the fires that made it. I don't know what's blowing the flames, dear, but he'll do—he'll do."

CHAPTER XI.

Half-way down James street, Hilliard, driving his runabout in utter disregard of the traffic rules, was reliving, moment by moment, and word by word, the conversations of the earlier evening. He had gone to Carol with the sturdy intention of betraying himself manfully and in detail; but in the doctor's study he had perceived another, and what seemed to him a mere unselfish method of achieving the same end. He had fancied that if he could preserve intact the memory of Dicky Morgan, if he could prevent the world —and especially that part of it personal to the Cullens and Durants—from knowing what a despicable thing it was that Dick Morgan had done, he would save a modicum of pain for those who would otherwise be most affected. This conception had interfered to make his talk with Carol somewhat aimless . . . he had been under the dual necessity of damning Hilliard, without implicating Morgan. And how bunglingly he had accomplished it! How inefficiently—how unsuccessfully!

On impulse, he checked the speed of the car, and swerved to the left; he was actuated by a sudden desire to run up to the University club and see Armstrong. He had no definite plan as to what he should say or do; he merely craved to meet his rival face to face, and have it out with him. Man to man—and this time there should be no bungling.

Mr. Armstrong, it seemed, was in the library . . . and would come down directly. Indeed, he followed almost on the heels of the messenger.

"Why, hello, Hilliard," he said, rather stiffly now. "Did you want to see me? That's too bad—I've got to leave here in just a couple of seconds to catch my train. I'm going West tonight."

"I'll take you over," said Hilliard, shortly. "That'll save you a minute or two—and give us time to chat. My car's outside."

"Why—under the circumstances . . ." Armstrong's glance was diverted. "I don't think I can do that—take me over, I mean. I'm going West on a business trip and I don't think it would be very appropriate for you to—"

"Oh—you are!" Hilliard felt streaks of ice coursing along his spine. "How far West?"

Armstrong consulted his watch nervously.

"Hilliard," he said, "I like to do things out in the open. There are just two reasons why I don't think you really want to invite me to ride down to the station with you. If I'm wrong, it's up to you to say so. One of 'em is that Rufus Waring has asked me to step off at Butte—I'm going a good deal further than that—and look up some matters for him. I guess you know as well as I do what they are. . . ."

Hilliard fumbled his hat. "I see. And—the other reason?"

Armstrong suddenly straightened; and his voice had a curious ring to it —a ring which electrified Hilliard and awoke the most petrifying alarms within him.

"But does one ordinarily mention certain kinds of people—in a men's club? I don't know how it is where you come from—but here, we don't."

Hilliard smiled vapidly; it was the utmost perversity of emotion, for he knew now why Carol had been so explicit in her sympathy . . . why she had been so meticulous to let him realize that she wanted him as a friend; only as a friend . . . and here was Armstrong, concealing with difficulty the triumph he was hinting at. . . .

"No," he said harshly. "One doesn't, but there isn't anything to keep us from mentioning anybody we like outside the club, is there?"

"Why—not that I know."

"Then I'll take you down anyway," said Hilliard. "And let's see if we can't try to understand each other."

It took a brave man to accept the offer, for Hilliard's eyes held little to recommend their owners as a prudent driver, or as a very pleasant companion. Armstrong, however, was already putting on his hat.

* * * * * * *

They had driven over to the station in silence. Hilliard, parking the runabout carefully, turned to his passenger.

"We've got ten good minutes," he said. "Your train isn't even in yet—go ahead and talk."

Armstrong, after a momentary delay, put out a conciliating hand. "Old man," he said, "let's play the rest of this out like two sensible people. We won't get anywhere by bickering, and I suppose it won't do any harm for us to put all the cards on the table, and know exactly where we stand. Of course, you haven't known me very long, and I haven't known you . . . but suppose, just to help along the understanding, we take each other at face value."

Hilliard winced.

"Well—suppose we do. Then what?"

"Then you can't hold it up against me for stopping off at Butte on my way out. I haven't any motive in it—

SEVEN YEARS OF TORTURE

Headaches and Indigestion Ended By "Fruit-a-tives"

The Marvellous Fruit Medicine

Like thousands and thousands of other sufferers, Mr. Albert Varner of Buckingham, P.Q., tried many remedies and went to doctor after doctor—specialists; but nothing did him any good.

Finally a friend advised him to try "Fruit-a-tives"—now he is well. As he says in a letter:

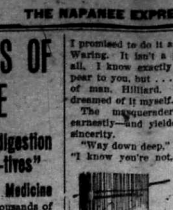
"For seven years, I suffered terribly from Headaches and Indigestion. I had belching gas, bitter stuff would come up in my mouth, often vomiting, and was terribly constipated. I took Fruit-a-tives and this grand fruit medicine made me well".

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

I promised to do it as a favor to Rufe Waring. It isn't a personal issue at all. I know exactly how it must appear to you, but . . . I'm not that sort of man, Hilliard. I wouldn't have dreamed of it myself. That's straight."

The manoeuvre regarded him earnestly—and yielded to his evident sincerity.

"Way down deep," he said, at length, "I know you're not, but . . . what's



"What's That For?"

that for?" He referred to Armstrong's outstretched hand. "Oh! . . . all right." They shook hands solemnly. "At the same time it would have been so perfectly natural for you to feel like getting whatever leverage you could—"

"There's no need of that—" said Armstrong. His smile was proud and brilliant, and Hilliard withered under it.

"Well, I wasn't sure."

"I don't deny," said Armstrong slowly, "that at first sight this is a queer thing for me to do—to check up your property, I mean—when you and I have had such an intimate relationship as opponents. And I wouldn't for the world have agreed to it if it could have had the slightest connection with . . . with your own private affairs. It hasn't—I can't have. I give you my word on that; it's been settled without the slightest reference to anything else. But since it hasn't, and since Rufus asked me as a friend—and pressed me to tell you about it—and it's absolutely commercial—"

"That's enough. I'm glad you're going to do it." Hilliard's voice was gruff; it was a tribute to his companion's code of ethics. "Know anything about mining?"

"Not a thing. But I'm to go to a law firm in Butte—and of course it's only a formality, anyway. I'll probably find it's better than you ever claimed. But Rufe asked me."

"I see. Well—now about this other matter . . ."

Armstrong was watching the westbound express as it felt its cautious way through Railroad avenue to the station.

"Yes?"

Hilliard was suddenly ashamed of himself; he was forced to concede that his rival had the advantage of him in poise and altruism. He shook himself free of the savage resentment which was stealing upon him. . . .

"We're only human—both of us. Perhaps—under the circumstances—the best thing we can say is to say nothing . . . except that I wish you all the luck in the world. I don't pretend it isn't a hard thing to say—but I'm trying to mean it. And you certainly deserve it."

"And to you," said Armstrong cheerfully. "And no bad feelings on either side. And I hope your mine makes a million dollars for you."

"Thanks," said Hilliard grimly. "I'll need it. But don't be afraid to send Rufus your honest opinion—will you?"

"No—and I'll send it to you, too. That's only fair. . . . I'd better be starting."

They shook hands again across the wheel.

"You're a good sport, Armstrong . . . don't think I've got any resentment left . . . except a bit that I can't quite swallow on short notice . . ."

"I know. But you don't need to worry, old man. Your future's bright enough—as I hope to wire Rufus about Saturday."

Too late, Hilliard perceived that they were talking at cross-purposes—Armstrong was evidently thinking about the mine. But there was time only for a last gesture of farewell; and Armstrong had disappeared in the depths of the trainshed. . . . Armstrong . . . the victor, and the inquisitioner . . . was on the road to Butte!

* * * * * * *

Work, hard work, the panacea and the salvation of those who are sore distressed, even this cheapest relief was denied Hilliard. He was left alone with his problem, wrestling with it once more in the black darkness of despondency, and knowing neither a means of simplifying it, nor a counselor to whom he could turn for aid.

He conceded that there was only one thing for him to do, and he intended to do it, but he was harassed because he had so much time to think about it. Not since the first sickening shock of Harmon's revelation had he doubted his own purpose; it was merely the machinery of it which perplexed him. His confidence in himself gradually returned; he was abnormally calm and determined; he had no more idea of resisting his impulses than he would have had, in Flanders, of disobeying his orders. The thing was there to be done, and he, regardless of his own future, was there to do it.

Overnight, he had occupied himself with some elementary accounting. With Harmon's check, his outstanding balance for expenses, and what money he could raise by selling his runabout and a few personal possessions, he had on hand a matter of ninety-six hundred dollars; Syracuse had entrusted him with sixty-two thousand. To compromise pro rata with his creditors—this was apparently his only resource, and yet how insufficient a reparation it was! He knew that it had been his duty to investigate the Montana property before he began to exploit it; he knew that his self-introduction to Syracuse had been blatantly inexcusable, and that not even the fact that he had been carried away by the drama of it could ever be excused. His intricate fabric of deception, now that he inspected it from this different viewpoint, was flimsy—shoddy. He could be traced—if anyone cared to spend the time, and the energy, if Armstrong—or Rufus Waring—cared to spend it, for example. Of course, there was always the refuge of flight, but in flight, men learn not to desert their posts, and Hilliard had learned that lesson among the first. Loyalty to the cause of fighting had grown automatic; flight was simply inconceivable to him.

Yes, he could gather his resources and place them together with himself, in the hands of his subscribers, and their vengeance would be twofold; once for their loss out of pocket, once for the loss out of faith. He had deserved no leniency, and he expected none. But as for those who, without the financial entanglement, had respected him, and honored him, as for Carol Durant and Angela . . .

Well, as for Carol, he was at least relieved of the terrific mental convulsion which would surely have fallen upon him if he had had reason to believe that she loved him. As it was, her shame at his disuster would be tempered by Armstrong's sane philosophy; at most, she would lose in Hilliard a friend of only a few months—a man she had wanted to retain as a friend, but—by her own admission—*as* that, and no more. This was a consolation . . . trifling and fragile, to be sure, but something saved out of the wreck.

As to Armstrong—Hilliard, marveling somewhat at his own tolerance, wished him joy. Armstrong was fine and clean and manly; he had well merited his victory. As to Mr. Cullen —Hilliard was torn with regret, but after all, Cullen's gullibility was what had made the campaign so childishly simple. As to Angela . . . who had really loved him . . .

"Oh, the poor little kid," said Hilliard softly. "The poor little kid. . . ."

And perhaps he had never loved Carol Durant so much as when, at ten o'clock that sunny morning, he went up the steps of Angela's house to destroy a little girl's regard for him before it could be destroyed by others.

On the threshold, he found strength in the memory of poor Pierre Dutout. In a way, Hilliard felt that he, too, was giving up his life as Dutout had given his . . . with a smile for the fate, and a blessing for the future. He was not afraid, inwardly afraid, that Angela, after all, was in love with him—and when he put a stop to that, it was the beginning of the end.

CHAPTER XII.

As he crossed the threshold of the long, overdecorated drawing-room, he knew intuitively that he had blundered upon a climax. This he gathered from the attitude of the three who turned toward him as he entered—sensed it before he saw what was in their eyes. . . . The atmosphere was vibrant, as though from some waves which had passed and receded, and yet left traces of the swell behind them. The room was silent; but of a silence more confounding than a deafening turmoil.

Hilliard, standing on the threshold, was himself the center of this atmosphere; he felt it partly because his mood was so flexible and partly because the three who faced him had simultaneously thrown their fixed attention on him, thrown it directly and challengingly, including him in the finale of the climax, while they stood motionless as statues. He looked at Waring, whose expression was defensively acute; he looked at Angela, flushed, palpitant, and excited; he looked at Cullen, tight-lipped and frowning; and Hilliard caught his breath, as a swimmer who launches himself to a high dive, and walked composedly into the drawing-room.

"I hope," he said gravely, "I'm not intruding. Am I?"

The trio was galvanized into action; Cullen fairly leaped at him. "Hilliard!" he said, "thank the Lord! You're the very man we want!"

Hilliard smiled straight into Cullen's eyes.

"That's why I'm here," he said.

Waring laughed loudly—too loudly; and the laugh stopped short, for Cullen was towering over him—Cullen blazing with indignant wrath, and with a hand resting on Hilliard's shoulder.

"Now go on," said Cullen commandingly. "We don't want any underhanded work around here, Rufus. I've told you that once already. Go on! Keep it to his face! You're conversational enough behind his back—say it to his face! Either you tell him or I will!"

The boy wiped his forehead. Beads of sweat stood out on it.

"Pa! Quit it . . . it isn't— . . . it isn't fair . . ."

"Fair!" Angela's soprano had risen to a half-scream. "Rufe Waring, after what you've been saying, you talk about being fair! Why—if you—"

"Hush! Angela!" Her father's admonition was peremptory enough to quell her instantly. He wheeled back to Waring. "We're going to get at the bottom of this sooner or later—and the sooner the better. I'm waiting for you to repeat what you just told us, Rufus."

There were tears of anger in the law student's eyes—of anger and of impotence. He gave Angela a look of superb disdain, shrugged his shoulders.

"Well, that settles that!" he said, and as Angela gave a gasp of understanding, and turned angrily white, he laughed metallically.

Cullen moved nearer to him.

"Are you going to speak up or not? Because if you aren't . . ."

Waring's eyes were shifty; but he still failed of the pose he planned, because his eyes and his muscles were traitor to him.

"No, I'm not! Not until I'm ready to! I'm not afraid of the whole crowd of you! I'm not going to be pushed around! I'm not going to be cleared up! We've got to pound some sense into him. We—"

Hilliard was smiling vacuously; now that the blow had actually fallen, and the complaint officially lodged, he felt deliciously relaxed, content. Before he could contrive a reply Waring was strident again.

"Yes." The student's voice was thin with acerbity. "Yes, you think you're pretty smart—all of you. Don't you? I come in here to do you a kindness that anybody else, it seems to me would take as a favor, and you and Angela jump all over me—why doesn't he deny it? That's what I want to know! Why doesn't he say something?"

(To be continued.)

Ireland's Gold Mines.

How many people know that there are gold mines in Ireland?

They are situated in Wicklow, and although they are not worked to-day, at one period in their history they produced nearly £15,000 worth of gold. These mines were discovered accidentally in 1775 by a poor schoolmaster.

He picked up a piece of metal which he proved to be gold. His wife refused to believe him, and told her friends that he was mad. But the story soon became public property and thousands of people rushed to the spot. So keen was the struggle that an armed guard was supplied by the Government to keep the vast crowds away.

In the two months which elapsed between the publication of the story and the Government's seizure of the mines more than 2,500 ounces of gold were collected by peasants. But when the authorities started to work the mines in a regular manner the same success was not achieved. Between £2,000 and £4,000 worth of gold was produced, and as the mines cost very much more than this to run they were closed down.

The gold was of extraordinary purity, and was found in pieces of all sizes, the largest being a nugget weighing twenty-two ounces.

Where X-Rays Are Fatal.

Roentgen rays over the abdomen prove fatal in a large number of experiments on dogs, while the same rays over the thorax produce no ill effects. This important fact has been learned by many experiments made at the University of California medical school by S. L. Warren and Dr. G. S. Whipple, who report details for the Journal of Experimental Medicine.

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

E. J. POLLARD,
Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY

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Barrister-at-Law.
Law office over Hydro Electric Store,
Dundas St., Napanee, Ont.

GET IT AT WALLACE'S

"It's Nothing but Jealousy! He's Said Horrible Things About You!."

and bulldozed into—" He attempted to brush past Cullen, the older man caught him by the arm. "Take your hands off me!"

"You stay where you are!" stormed Cullen. "Until you can—"

"If you lay your hands on me once more, Mr. Cullen, I'll . . . don't you forget I know what this means! I'll have you—"

"Oh, your law!" Cullen snorted it contemptuously. "For God's sake, don't snivel about it . . . stand up and take it like a man, if you've got any manhood in you! For a law student you're . . . well, don't try to run away from it . . . are you going to tell him or am I?"

The answer was delayed; Cullen swung around to Hilliard. "Then I'll tell you myself. Know what this boy's been saying about you? Coming up to us when you're not here, and trying to knife you when you're not looking?"

Hilliard, who had been standing paralyzed, found voice.

"Why, I can guess," he said, curiously calm. "And don't be harsh with him, Mr. Cullen. As a matter of fact—"

Angela had sprung between them; Hilliard saw that her cheeks were tear-stained.

"It's nothing but jealousy!" she cried vehemently. "He's said horrible things about you! He's always saying things about you! He said—"

"Angela!" Cullen almost fairly shouted it. "I tell you, this is my house, and I won't have any more of this infernal nonsense in it! Hear me? I've had all the nonsense I'm going to stand from anybody! Will you stay right there! Angela, you keep quiet!" He turned to Hilliard. "If you'd come in a half minute sooner, you'd have heard this young whipper-snapper trying to make you out a blackguard! Trying to frame you with fake promoters and mining sharks! Yes—that's what he did! You! And look at him! Look at him! I want to tell you, Hilliard, it'll take more than his say-so to start anything around here! Don't you open your mouth, Rufus . . . you had your chance and you wouldn't take it! And I want to tell you right here and right now—"

"Wait a minute." Hilliard was deadly quiet; he had only caught part of the quartette. "There's no use in telling all the neighbors just yet." He regarded Waring kindly. "Do you mind repeating precisely what you did say, Rufus? Don't you think I'm entitled to that much?"

The boy flushed agonizedly; he was the accuser, and yet he couldn't meet Hilliard's eyes. It wasn't guilt; it was mere intellectual inferiority; and yet it gave exactly the opposite impression.

"Well," he said desperately, "I know hearsay evidence is no good, so I got it first hand—in your own room in the Onondaga, didn't I? You won't deny that, will you? I didn't just pick up rumors—I got it from you. Didn't I go there and ask you questions, and didn't you give me the data? Show me figures and everything? And I told Mr. Cullen the very next day, it didn't look good to me! His voice rose stridently. "All right, I'll say to him, and I'll say it to you, and I'll say it to anybody that'll listen to me! It didn't look good to me then, and it doesn't now. I told him you acted darned funny about it. And just now I've been telling him I don't believe it's straight. You're too blamed sketchy about it, and it's got all the earmarks of a bum promotion! There . . . Cullen!" The omission of the prefix to the father of his idol was the worst insult he could conceive.

Cullen's hand was still on Hilliard's shoulder and it was Hilliard whom he addressed, explosively, and with that particular sort of muffled fury which rises best from a set of circumstances not thoroughly understood.

"What this is all about is beyond me! Only, if this law minnow has gone as far as this . . . We've got to get at the bottom of it . . . You know that as well as I do, Hilliard, naturally. The boy's as wild as a hawk. Heaven knows how far he'd go out-

LUMBER!

Lath and Shingles
Hardwood Flooring
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ROBERT LIGHT

Telephone 53. Napanee, Ont.

Provincial Election, 1923

Electoral District of Addington

Notice of Sittings of Revising Officers

TAKE NOTICE THAT sittings of the Revising Officers for the purpose of hearing complaints or appeals with regard to the Voters' Lists to be used at the election of a member of the Assembly pending for the Electoral District of Addington will be held at the following times and places, namely:

Township of Kaladar, Anglesea and Effingham.
At the Town Hall, Flinton, on Thursday, May 24th, at 9 a.m.

Township of Barrie.
At the Town Hall, Cloyne, on Friday, May 25th, at 9 a.m.

Township of Kennebec.
At the Town Hall, Arden, on Monday, May 28th, at 11 a.m.

Township of Camden.
At the Town Hall, Centreville, on Wednesday, May 23rd, at 10 a.m.

Village of Newburgh.
At the Standard Bank Hall, on Thursday, May 24th, at 9.30 a.m.

Township of Olden.
At the Town Hall, Mountain Grove, on Wednesday, May 23rd, at 10 a.m.

Township of Oso.
At Buell's Hall, Sharbot Lake, on Thursday, May 24th, at 9 a.m.

Township of Hinchinbrooke.
At the Town Hall, Parham, on Friday, May 25th, at 9 a.m.

Township of Sheffield.
At the Town Hall, Tamworth, on Thursday, May 24th, at 10 a.m.

Township of Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby.
At Charles Both's Hall, Denbigh, on Wednesday, May 23rd, at 10 a.m.

Township of Clarendon and Miller.
At the Town Hall, Plevna, on Thursday, May 24th, at 10 a.m.

Township of Palmerston North and South Cananto.
At the Palmerston Town Hall, on Friday, May 25th, at 10 a.m.

REVISING OFFICERS

For the said Municipalities respectively and Clerks respectively of the said Revising Officers as follows, namely:

For the township of Kaladar, Anglesea and Effingham, Judge Madden Revising Officer, Napanee, Moses Leesard, Clerk, Flinton.

For the township of Barrie, Judge Madden Revising Officer, Napanee, Stanley Wheeler, Clerk, Cloyne.

For the township of Kennebec, Judge Madden, Revising Officer, Napanee, J. A. Marshall, Clerk, Arden.

For the township of Camden, U. M. Wilson, Revising Officer, Napanee, T. E. McGill, Clerk, Centreville.

For the village of Newburgh, U. M. Wilson Revising Officer, Napanee, Charles Welbanks, Clerk, Newburgh.

For the township of Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby, C. W. Vandervoort, Revising Officer, Napanee, W. P. Bender, Clerk, Long Lake.

For the township of Oso, W. P. Deroche, Revising Officer, Napanee, H. C. Lee, Clerk, Sharbot Lake.

For the township of Hinchinbrooke, W. P. Deroche, Revising Officer, Napanee, George A. Smith, Clerk, Parham.

For the township of Sheffield, G. S. Reid, Revising Officer, Napanee, John Parks, Clerk, Tamworth.

For the township of Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby, C. W. Vandervoort, Revising Officer, Napanee, Paul Stein, Clerk, Denbigh.

For the township of Clarendon and Miller, C. W. Vandervoort, Revising Officer, Napanee, F. Card, Clerk, Plevna.

For the township of Palmerston, North and South Cananto, C. W. Vandervoort, Revising Officer, Napanee, T. G. Burke, Clerk, Tamworth.

The sittings in each Municipality will commence at the hour above stated and will continue until the appeals have been disposed of.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE.

That any voter who desires to complain that his or her name or the name of any person entitled to be entered on said lists has been omitted from the same or that the name of any persons who are not entitled to be voters have been entered thereon may on or before the THIRD DAY (exclusive of Sunday) before the date fixed for the sittings above set out, apply, complain or appeal to have his or her name or the name of any other person entered on or removed from the said list.

And further take notice that such appeals must be in writing in the prescribed form signed by the complainant in duplicate and given to the Clerk of the Revising Officer for the proper Municipality or left for such Clerk at his address as given above.

J. H. MADDEN,
Chairman of the Election Board for the County of Lennox and Addington.

Dated at Napanee, this 12th day of May, 1923.

APPOINTMENT OF CLERK OF ELECTION BOARD.

To All Whom it May Concern:

THIS is to give notice that URIAH MORLEY WILSON, of the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Clerk of the Peace, was by resolution of the Election Board of the county of Lennox and Addington, on the 11th day of May, A.D., 1923, appointed Clerk of the Board.

Dated this 11th day of May, A.D., 1923.

J. H. MADDEN,
Chairman Election Board.

IMPLEMENT AND TOOL

Misused and Neglected Too Often by Many Farmers.

When Tools Were Really Valued—Neglect Is Criminal Waste—The Jointer Plough — Half-Acre Garden Gives Good Results.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

With the advance of agriculture the increase in farm tools, implements, and machines has been great. A century ago, an axe, a scythe, a spade and a saw formed a large part of the equipment of many farms. These few simple tools were probably the most useful in working the small areas of land under process of clearing. The development of the farms brought improvement in tools and a gradual development toward the modern type of farm machines.

When Tools Were Really Valued.

Tools were valued in the early days because such were hard to get. There was no waste of farm equipment, the spade and the scythe were valued as much as the shotgun. Conditions have changed during the past century. The progress is now marked by an abundance of tools, implements and machines for every purpose in agricultural production and harvesting. An abundance of machines so great that we see waste on every hand. Ploughs, tillage machines and harvesters neglected and exposed to the weather, rust and wear out before giving half service. The waste of tools, implements, machines and articles of farm equipment amounts to many thousands of dollars each year.

Neglect of Implements and Tools Is Criminal Waste.

Neglect to put machines under cover, to apply weather-proofing paint, to keep sharp all cutting parts, to oil or otherwise lubricate all bearings is reducing the efficiency and shortening the period of usefulness of equipment in which many millions of dollars of farmers' money has been invested. The machine that is not the only loss, since the power, either horse, motor or man, is also reduced through having to work with a tool or implement not in the best condition. This double liability, while fully appreciated by the most efficient or business type of farmer, is a matter that should be understood by all who own or work with farm tools.

The Life of a Grain Binder.

In the hands of good men a grain binder has been known to last and do 100 per cent. efficient work for thirty years. In the hands of careless men grain binders have been racked to pieces in less than five years, through such treatment as neglect to oil and to keep belts tight. The reward for efficiency might here be expressed as the price of five binders over a period of thirty years.—L. Stevenson, Sec. Dept. of Agriculture, Toronto.

The Jointer Plough.

The jointer plough was developed through the appreciation of plough makegs of the necessity of mixing vegetable matter with the soil during the ploughing operation. The jointer is a miniature plough attached to the main plough beam in such a position as to cut and roll a small furrow slice into the bottom of the furrow and just ahead of the furrow slice turned by the plough mouldboard. This arrangement permits the turning of a wider furrow slice and puts all vegetable matter well under the cutter of the turned furrow slice. Jointer ploughs are equipped with a shorter mouldboard that is shaped to invert the furrow slice; more curl or steeper are the terms generally used to describe the jointer plough mouldboard. A steel land or landslide designed to keep the plough straight of uniform depth and steady are also part of the jointer plough equipment. Shorter mouldboard beam, and shorter mouldboard are characteristics very pronounced when the jointer type of plough is compared with the sod or long plough type.—L. Stevenson.

Half-Acre Garden Gives Big Return.

You can make on an average $44 net on a half-acre garden on your farm. Can you make as much on a half-acre in any other way? That thing has been worked out by the Illinois Experiment Station. After five years, this station found that the average gross income from its half-acre garden was $74.85. With a labor cost of $25.71 and expenditures for seeds, plants, and insecticides of $5.08, the net return was $44.06.

Provincial Election, 1923

Electoral District of Lennox

Notice of Sittings of Revising Officers

TAKE NOTICE THAT sittings of the Revising Officers for the purpose of hearing complaints or appeals with regard to the Voters' Lists to be used at the election of a member of the Assembly pending for the Electoral District of Lennox will be held at the following times and places, namely:

Town of Napanee.
At the Town Hall, on Saturday, June 2nd, at 10 a.m.

Township of Amherst Island.
At the Town Hall, Stella, on Friday, May 25th, at 11 a.m.

Township of Richmond.
At the Town Hall, Selby, on Saturday, May 26th, at 10 a.m.

Township of Ernestown.
At the Town Hall, Odessa, Friday, June 8th, at 10 a.m.

Village of Bath.
At the Town Hall, Bath, on Saturday, June 9th, at 10 a.m.

Township of North Fredericksburgh.
At the Town Hall, Tuesday, May 29th, at 10 a.m.

Township of South Fredericksburgh.
At the Town Hall, Sillsville, on Saturday, June 2nd, at 12.30 p.m.

Township of Adolphustown.
At the Town Hall, Adolphustown, Monday, June 4th, at 12.30 p.m.

REVISING OFFICERS

For the said Municipalities respectively and Clerks respectively of the said Revising Officers as follows, namely:

For the town of Napanee, Judge Madden, Revising Officer, Napanee; W. A. Grange, Clerk, Napanee.

For the township of Amherst Island, U. M. Wilson, Revising Officer, Napanee; W. H. Mountray, Clerk, Stella.

For the township of Richmond, U. M. Wilson, Revising Officer, Napanee; H. A. Wood, Clerk, Selby.

For the township of Ernestown, W. P. Deroche, Revising Officer, Napanee; A. Davis, Clerk, Odessa.

For the village of Bath, W. P. Deroche, Revising Officer, Napanee; E. P. Shephard, Clerk, Bath.

For the township of North Fredericksburgh, C. W. Vandervoort, Revising Officer, Napanee; M. A. Sills, Clerk, R. M. D. Napanee.

For the township of South Fredericksburgh, G. S. Reid, Revising Officer, Napanee; Geo. T. Ham, Clerk, R. M. D. Bath.

For the township of Adolphustown, G. S. Reid, Revising Officer, Napanee; A. C. Davis, Clerk, R. M. D. Sillsville.

The sittings in each Municipality will commence at the hour above stated and will continue until the appeals have been disposed of.

And further take notice that any voter who desires to complain that his or her name or the name of any person entitled to be entered on said list has been omitted from the same, or that the names of any persons who are not entitled to be voters have been entered thereon, may, on or before the THIRD DAY (exclusive of Sunday) before the date fixed for the sittings above set out, apply, complain or appeal to have his or her name or the name of any other person entered on, or removed from the said list.

And further take notice that such appeals must be in writing in the prescribed form, signed by the complainant in duplicate and given to the Clerk of the Revising Officer for the proper Municipality, or left for such Clerk at his address as given above.

J. H. MADDEN,
Chairman of the Election Board for the County of Lennox and Addington.

Dated at Napanee, this 12th day of May, 1923.

NOT REAL RULERS

European Monarchs in the Main Mere Puppets.

Writer Points Out That Courtiers and Ministers Actually Exercised Power Accredited to Kings.

Writing in the Prager Tagblatt, a staff correspondent points out that times are past when the glory of a congress consisted in the number of kings taking part in it.

"The year 1923 is sometimes looked upon as the boundary line between two periods, but long before this date the idea had developed which no longer allowed one man to decide the fate of a nation merely because of his birth or 'divine right,'" he writes.

"A proof of this is that the czar rule, and the special way in which Wilhelm II liked to incorporate the German kaiser idea, were regarded for years as something exceptional. But did even this system really represent a form of rule in which the will of the crowned head alone governed?

"It is true that nowhere else would it have been possible for a great chancellor, like Bismarck, to have been dismissed because his dictatorial manner did not please a young prince, nor for the most efficient of his successors to be suffered under the same fate because he failed to regard the tactless indiscretions of the ruler as the outcome of imperial wisdom.

"But perhaps this personal rule was less the rule of one person than was generally believed. Was it not rather a good opportunity for a crowd of irresponsible courtiers to satisfy their lust for power in the shadow of the powerful name? In peace they were junkers, and in war, the army commanders?

"And when we are told that for three years during the war, the Austrian senate was not summoned, so as not to excite the old emperor, Franz Joseph, with home politics, it is probable that the real reason was rather the ministers' desire for peace and quietness, who, by pointing out the necessity for the monarch's well being provided for himself uncontrolled and undisturbed rule.

"Nowadays in countries where the institution of ruler still exists the office rather diminishes than increases the natural power of expansion of a personality. Among the kings now ruling in Europe there are some who are said to possess unusual abilities, for the most part as leaders of parliament with a good pair of lungs has more influence than they.

"It is characteristic that the office which in free states substitutes the head of a republic, is made to resemble that of the crowned ruler by not having power but being a decorative figurehead and that a strong man like Poincare after being president had first to become prime minister to bring his full power to bear on a scene.

"King Victor Emmanuel was received with the usual ceremony in Genoa, his speech was listened to with respect and attention, but when the incident was finished no fair Italian's interest in what those men had to say who really rule, such as Lloyd George, Poincare, Tchitcherin and Rathenau."

He Did That Very Thing.

One of the pleasures of Rev. John Gorman, superintendent of the Gilbault home for boys in Indiana, is to watch the youngsters eat when they first come to the home. Many of them haven't had a good meal for a long time, and after their arrival at the home, and it takes quite a while to "get them filled up" so that their appetites become normal again.

But one little fellow, who arrived a few weeks ago, didn't seem able to appease his hunger. Every meal he demanded 15 slices of bread. After a time the superintendent decided something was wrong and when the doctor next visited the home had him look at the youngster.

The examination showed him in a good condition. At its close the doctor said to the little fellow: "Why don't you try leaving the table hungry some day?"

A little pause, and then back came the startling answer, "I always do."—Indianapolis News.

How to Treat a Sty.

Two things cause sties — a run-down condition and eyestrain. If the person who has a sty is run down there will probably be one or more boils somewhere on his body; but the sty that appears on the eyelid when the sufferer is in good health is the result of eyestrain or of some uncorrected defect of vision or is the result of reading or sewing in a poor light or in a bright glare. The best way to treat a sty is to bathe the eyelids with warm water as long as can be borne. It is not wise to poultice the eye, for that treatment is apt to excite a conjunctivitis, which would add to the patient's misery. When the sty has healed, the eyes should be examined to determine whether glasses are needed or, if they are already worn, whether they need changing. The general condition of the health must be attended to; a generous diet, tonics, and exercise in the open air should be insisted upon. If there is rheumatism or gout, it should be treated.

Substitute for Cotton.

A new substance which it is claimed will take the place of cotton is undergoing experiments.

Arghan, as it is called, is said to be proof against the diseases which destroy cotton, capable of resisting the action of acids, less affected by changes of climate, and ready for manufacture almost as soon as it is picked. It can be used in the making of sheets, shirts, and so on, and artificial silk and Egyptian cloth will cost very much less than those manufactured from cotton.

Scientists have reported favorably on the new material, and enormous fields of it are being laid out in the Malay States and India, where it flourishes.

Arghan was introduced from the jungle by Sir Henry Wickham, the pioneer of rubber. It is a hardy tropical plant, and already large quantities have been ordered by big Lancashire millowners.

SOLVED EGYPTIAN RIDDLE.

Remarkable Feat Accomplished by Young French Genius.

Had it not been for the labors of a young French genius of a hundred years ago it might be impossible for modern scholars to understand the value of the discoveries now being made in the tomb of King Tut-ankh-amen. It was Jean Francis Champollion who unlocked the door to ancient Egypt, and discovered how the hieroglyphics were to be read. His discoveries, again, were due to the accidental discovery of another Frenchman. This was the finding of the Rosetta Stone, now one of the priceless treasures in the British Museum. This stone, a basalt steel tablet, was dug up by one of Napoleon's officers when he was excavating for a redoubt near Fort St. Julien, four miles south of the town of Rosetta, on the western bank of the Rosetta mouth of the Nile, in 1799. The tablet was not intact, but scholars had little difficulty in determining that it contained a text in the three different languages, represented by as many different forms of character. One of them was Greek, and it was thus that scientists were able to guess what the other languages meant. The stone was about to be shipped to France, but Nelson's victory at Alexandria led to it falling into the hands of the British.

It was Champollion who first read the Rosetta Stone and found in it proof of theories which he had earlier entertained. Further study enabled him to solve the mystery of the hieroglyphics. For centuries these writings had baffled students. This is not astonishing, because the meaning of almost any given glyph depended on the context. Since one could not understand the context without understanding the characters, how was it possible that the riddle ever should be solved? It was one of those problems that intensive thinking would probably fail to solve, but that yielded to a trained imagination. The truth, as finally revealed, was that the writings of the ancient Egyptians was a development of picture characters, independent of language, some of which retained their original representative function, some of which had become signs representing an idea, with or without the articulation of that idea, some with the sound of a word, of a syllable, even of a letter, while still capable of being interpreted in any of the other ways. To paraphrase the remark of a woman looking at a couple of pigs wallowing in filth, "Well might they call them hieroglyphics."

Champollion was undoubtedly a genius. He was eleven years old when he first heard of the Rosetta Stone, and it was not long after, by sound, he began to prepare himself then to read the riddle. He already knew Greek from his elder brother, who was a professor, but unaided he set himself to master Hebrew, Syriac, Ethiopic and Arabic. At the age of 17 he had mastered them and had entered on Persian, Sanscrit and Coptic, and within another twelve months had issued a pamphlet which proved that modern Coptic was a development of the Polar tongue, or most good-humored and even-tempered and playful of the larger brutes. There is no animal more friendly to man, or more easily tamed if it is treated kindly.

"Blind as a bat" is another common expression. But a bat has such wonderfully developed eyes that it may aim at be said to see with its skin. Even when it is placed in total darkness it can find its way without faltering or hesitation. Even on the blackest night it can espy the most minute insects—insects invisible, to the naked eye of man—with amazing swiftness.

Then we say "as strong as an elephant"; but, for their size, many insects are incalculably stronger.

"Sound as a top" and "sound asleep?" ran the words of an old song. But only at night is the weasel lively and alert. At all other times it is a sleepy creature. A weasel asleep in its cage will spend the whole of the daytime in a state of abject somnolence—somnolence that at certain seasons of the year becomes partial stupor.

Shade Trees.

Europe has realized and utilized the beauty and shade trees to an extent unthought of in Canada. While most of the streets, laid out in the middle ages are too narrow to permit planting them, most beautiful boulevards may have two, four and sometimes six rows along the entire length. Country roads are invariably lined with various shade trees, which add greatly to comfort and scenery for the pedestrian or autoist. Looking across gardenlike fields one sees long rows of trees and knows that they mark another road, or possibly a canal. In a few places dense evergreens are employed, darkening the road as to make it necessary to use automobile lights even at noon on a bright day.

SMOKELESS FUEL.

Welsh Mining Engineer Trying Important Experiment.

Patents have been taken out for a new smokeless fuel, the use of which, it is claimed, will go far to abolish London fogs, avoid waste of domestic and commercial coal, and yield a valuable harvest of by-products, including fuel oil and motor spirit.

The inventor is Mr. John Roberts, a Welsh mining engineer, engaged as a technical expert in the fuel department of the Office of Works.

His process consists in making a bright, hard "semi-coke" by the carbonization of a mixture of coking and non-coking coal slack at a low temperature. This product will burn easily in any ordinary grate, leaving little dust, and no soot.

It is estimated that mines, factories, and railways and coasting vessels burn about 100,000,000 tons of raw coal a year, while domestic consumers use about 35,000,000 tons. The by-products of all this coal are lost.

In addition, approximately 50,000,000 tons of slack coal is wasted every year. The market for it is so limited that enormous quantities are never raised from the mines.

All this, it is claimed, can be utilized by the Roberts process. If this economical fuel is adopted by domestic and commercial use the air of our cities will be purged of many tons of soot resulting from incomplete combustion, and sooty fogs will be unknown.

"There are many processes for producing smokeless fuels," said Dr. Lander, of the Fuel Research Board, to an interviewer. "Most of these are technically sound, but all that we have seen so far are impracticable for social or economic reasons. There are many working on the problem, including this department, but we shall be delighted if Mr. Roberts has really arrived at a successful solution."

Mr. Roberts claims that his process overcomes all the technical and economic difficulties experienced hitherto.

Here is what the Illinois garden produced in its last year:

Onions, green 36 dozen, ripe 2 bushels; asparagus, 104 pounds; radishes, 103 dozen; lettuce, 28 baskets; turnips, green 5 baskets, early 10 dozen, late 2.6 bushels; rhubarb, 70 pounds; spinach, 21 baskets; beets, 11 baskets; beets, green 8 baskets, early 15 dozen, late 5.9 bushels; cabbage, early 108 heads, late (large) 24, late (small) 76; peas, in pods 10 pecks; lima 14 pecks; early potatoes, 5 bushels; parsley, supply; cauliflower, early 25, late 10; carrots, early 24 dozen, late 7 bushels; salsify, 3 bushels; winter radishes, 3.1 bushels; celery, 20 dozen.

Corning Beef In the Home.

The pieces of beef commonly used for corning are the plate, rump, cross ribs, and brisket, or in other words the cheaper cuts of meat. The loin, ribs, and round steak could be more often used fresh, and since there is more or less waste of nutrients in corning, this is well. The pieces for corning should be cut into convenient-sized joints, say 5 or 6 inches square.

The Peppermint Harvest.

One of the most remarkable harvests in the world is gathered within a few miles of London, England.

This is the harvest of the peppermint plant, from which is distilled alcohol-de-menthe, the principal ingredient of many liqueurs. The plant is cut down and hurried to the distillery without delay. Until recently it was allowed to dry first, but the modern practice is to distil it while it is still green.

In the distillery the herb is loaded into stills, each of which holds one and a half tons. Each still is covered with a huge lid, and the whole is heated by means of steam. After the steam has passed through the herb, it contains oil as well as water.

It is allowed to condense, and the moisture is run into a separator. This consists of a large tank with a perforated plate at the top. As oil is lighter than water, it floats on top while the water runs into the bottom.

Each load, which takes three hours to distil, contains about ten pounds of oil. The product is stored in concrete reproof cellars with sloping floors, so that if any is spilled it can be collected and filtered. The peppermint harvest lasts about three weeks, during which time the distilleries are working day and night.

Besides being used for liqueurs, peppermint oil is one of the essentials to chemists for flavoring toothpastes and lozenges, and to confectioners for sweets.

Horses In Russia.

Russia prior to the war owned the largest number of horses in the world, with 35,000,000 head, which have decreased in 1922 to 15,416,400 draft horses, including 3,256,400 in the Ukraine, according to a report of the Soviet Commissariat of Agriculture. In the famine-stricken provinces horse raising dwindled until in the Province of Samara the number of horses dropped from 979,000 to 180,000, in the Province of Saratov from 627,000 to 226,000 and in the Ufa Province from 1,400,000 to 216,000. Horse raising has suffered from continuous drafts for military remounts since 1914.

Remarkable Collection.

A remarkable collection of pictures, which will be more highly prized as years go by, is the series of American astronomical photographs which ex-Maj. Ernest Jones, army air service, has gathered during his 15 years in this work. They cover the development of aeronautics, particularly aviation, from 1863 to 1917. The 1,900 photographs visualize the successive steps made by the Wright brothers, Curtiss, Thomas, Witteman and other pioneers in this country. Some of these are the only pictures in existence of certain machines and events. "It is probable," says United States Air Service, "that this is the most complete collection of air photographs in America."—Exchange.

Electrification in Sweden.

The Swedish government has been requested to establish a model electric dairy farm to be located, if possible, near Stockholm.

In view of the fact that more than one-third of the agricultural Sweden is now electrified, it is proposed that the model farm be as nearly 100 per cent electrically operated as possible so that Swedish farmers who are now in a position to change horse for electric power, may be enabled to view demonstrations of how "white coal" can be utilized in the country.

WOMAN SUFFERED FOR MONTHS

Weak and Nervous. Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Webbwood, Ont.—"I was in a very weak and run-down nervous condition, always tired from the time I got up until I went to bed. I was nervous and just as tired in the morning as when I went to bed. I was sleepy all the day and didn't feel like doing anything, and was so nervous I would bite my finger nails. One of my friends told me about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it helped me so much that I soon felt fine."—Mrs. Charles Beeler, 501-14th St., Port Huron, Mich.

Women who suffer from any feminine ailment should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. C

BOXING THE COMPASS

Captain E. Landy, Commander of the Canadian Pacific liner "Melita" was at some pains to explain to one of his passengers the mysteries of the compass. Dick Anderson, the favoured traveller, was the youngest member of a party of boy Rangers from Dr. Barnardo's Homes. He has been received into the North Toronto Home and is in the process of being turned into a first class Canadian citizen and worker.

NO TIME LIKE THE PRESENT

To buy that

Diamond Engagement Ring or the Wedding Ring.

Diamonds mounted in all the popular settings.

Everything New in Jewellery

New Ear Rings just arrived at very Reasonable Prices.

F. W. Smith & Bro.

The old reliable Napanee Jewellery Store

At your service for 60 years.

FRED C SCOTT

BARBER and TOBACCONIST
John St.

(One door south of Express Office.)

Everything clean and sanitary.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

We carry a full line of pipes, cigarettes and tobacco. Our prices are right

Bring your films to us. 25 years experience at developing and printing. Enlargements made on short notice. Mail orders will receive prompt attention.

Plain Talks - No. 9

THAT WOOD PILE

There ain't no poor in Napanee,
Hard times have changed to good,
The ones that lacked a little
Wealth
Have died for want of wood.

Let's sell them wood, and "do" them good,
Said a few men of renown;
For we can palm off anything
To the simple folks round town.

We find it cheaper yet to burn
Our carpets and our chairs
It finds a job for some poor soul,
And our fuel is less than their's.

So Councilmen of Napanee,
If your reasonings none too good,
Just get your heads together
Then we'll have lots of "wood."

DEAR PEOPLE :—

How's your winter's coal hanging out? Ours is out altogether, but we are not buying much of this charity wood. Oh, no, we have faith, and hope yet to be spared enough sense to know a good thing when we see it. We try to buy economically, and at the same time do the fair thing.

Our Saviour said, "Go Feed the Flocks," so you'll pardon us for referring to the word (feed); feed it means (not fleece). Now people don't be offended at our little chat; we want to keep you from getting the (blues), and remember one thing, "don't get your feet wet." We are still here and doing fine. If we can't keep your house warm we can at least make your feet feel happy. So when you're down town drop in and get warm by our (Hot Air System).

Boot & Shoe Hospital

Opposite Royal Hotel

Feet Hurt?

Come to our Foot Comfort Department and learn how hundreds of people suffering with corns, callouses, bunions and weak feet have been benefited by

Dr. Scholl's Foot Comfort Appliances and Remedies.

Let Our Foot Comfort Demonstrator Show You

For—

Corns, Callouses, and Bunions

Use

Dr. Scholl's Zin Ox Pads.

They give **Instant Relief**

The Haines Shoe Houses

At H. W. Kelly's grocery you can get good Green Tea 50c. per lb.; Navel Oranges, 40c. doz.; Orange Marmalade in 4-lb. jars, 90c.; also Sweet Wrinkle Peas, a fresh shipment of Heinz Products, Pickles, Catsup, Pork and Beans, Tomato Soup, a car of Purity Flour just arrived. Fresh Marshmallow cake, 25c. lb. We have a fresh lot of plants in bloom this week. When you want Coffee don't forget Kelly's famous blend, it's the best. Highest price for butter and eggs. See us before you sell.

Campbell House Corner.

Bituminous nut for domestic use, and Pittsburg ¾ select lump. 22-tf VANLUVEN'S COAL YARD

Mr. W. F. Nickle, M.P.P., has again been nominated by the Conservatives of Kingston.

The Belleville Parks Commission are erecting 500 bleacher seats at the Ball grounds.

At H. W. Kelly's you can get all kinds of plants for bedding, also we take orders for funeral wreaths. 22-tf

Patent Kid, Black Suede, White Buck, White Canvas and Black Satin Strap Slippers at WILSON'S SHOE STORE.

Mr. W. T. Shaver has purchased the residence of the late Jacob Foster on Dundas street, west, and has taken possession.

Hon. Nelson Parliament has been nominated by Prince Edward County Liberals to contest the present Provincial election.

Mr. F. W. VanBuren, formerly of Napanee, now residing in Toronto, is seriously ill, having suffered a stroke on Saturday last.

Better than Moth Balls for putting away furs and no unpleasant odor—"Rexall Red Cedar Flakes"—25c. a package at WALLACE'S.

The Ladies of Trinity Church will hold a congregational reunion in the Church on Wednesday evening. A good programme and refreshments.

The Provincial House was prorogued on Wednesday last and the date for the Provincial election fixed. Nomination will be on the 14th and election on June 25th.

Mr. Edward Doidge, Selby, received the sad news last week of the death of his son-in-law, Mr. Amos Thompson, who moved with his family to the West some years ago.

Mr. Alfred Martin, Yarker, has been appointed Returning Officer for Addington riding and Mr. Sehuyler French Returning Officer for Lennox riding for the Provincial Elections.

Mr. W. H. J. Haines, of Tamworth, is likely to be the Liberal candidate for the Provincial election in Addington riding. Major (Rev.) Tolmie, of Windsor, will address the Convention.

The Schr. Lyman Davis, Capt. McCullough, arrived in the harbor on Sunday with a cargo of coal for VanLuven. The cargo is stove and nut coal of the famous D. L. & W. Scranton coal.

The ferry between Deseronto and Prince Edward is in operation again and is a great convenience to those who visit Picton and territory, as well as to those on the Prince Edward shore.

Mr. A. G. Taylor, Canadian National Express Agent at Napanee, has been appointed Travelling Agent for the Company, with headquarters at Belleville in the district formerly covered by Mr. Otis Shannon, who goes to Montreal district.

The Napanee Lacrosse Club gave a splendid dance in the Armouries on Wednesday evening and the large crowd present enjoyed the evening's entertainment to the full. The Armouries were beautifully decorated and the music by Ben Hoke's orchestra made dancing a pleasure.

Mr. A. L. Dafoe has taken over the Insurance Agency formerly conducted by the late W. F. Hall, and will continue the business at his old offices opposite the Post Office. The several agencies now represented by Mr. Dafoe are all well known, strong companies and include fire, accident, sickness, life, burglary and automobile insurance.

Found guilty of stealing an auto tire and some tools, Davis Gloyd, lumberjack, appeared before Magistrate Ruttan, at Napanee on Tuesday, and was sentenced to three months in jail. The theft occurred in Camden township and the accused was placed under arrest by High Constable Brien. Clark is about twenty-two years of age.

An appeal has been received from Headquarters, Toronto, asking for donations of money, to help relief work in the epidemic of typhoid in Cochrane. All branches in the county are requested to send donations to Mrs. H. B. Plumptre, 410 Sherbourne St., Toronto.

SARA THOMPSON,
Sec'y Red Cross.

It's a delightful run to Picton by car, and a delightful time awaits you upon arrival there on VICTORIA DAY, for Picton is putting on a splendid program of Horse, Races, a double header in Baseball, and a fine dance in the Armouries at night. The races will comprise a 2.15 Class, Purse $500; 2.20 Class, Purse $400; 2.24 Class, Purse $300; and Named Race, Purse $200. For the dance at night Cooper's Orchestra will furnish delightful music.

On Wednesday night a Ford car going from Napanee to Deseronto on the highway, met a Chevrolet car coming from Deseronto. The Ford car's light were out, by commission and the Chevrolet carried a lantern in place of the usual lights. Apparently the Chevrolet cut across in front of the Ford and in the resultant smash both cars were more or less damaged, the Chevrolet getting the worst of the deal with a badly smashed radiator, fender and twisted frame. Both cars were owned in Deseronto.

The following students of the Commercial Department of the N. C. I. have obtained Office Specialty Certificates for proficiency in Filing: Louise Baird 99 p.c., Wilma Garratt 97 p.c., Florence Kirkpatrick 97 p.c., Helena Murphy 90 p.c., Lottie VanAlstyne 97 p.c., Gertrude Kirkpatrick 91 p.c., Helen Hall 90 p.c., Marguerite Reid 85 p.c., Mary Mooney 84 p.c., Rose Holmes 83 p.c., Mildred Blackadder 80 p.c., Loretta Murphy 79 p.c., Nina McKim 77 p.c., Mary Fox 76 p.c., Minnie Ford 76 p.c., Jean Francis 75 p.c. They passed a comprehensive examination on the subject and were able to do some practical filing owing to the Collegiate Institute being equipped with a Filing Cabinet.

Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, house cleaning supplies. DAVY & ALLISON.

PERSONALS

Mrs. A. C. Baker is visiting her sister in Ottawa.

Mrs. W. Moffat spent a few days last week in Kingston.

Mrs. J. A. Fraser has returned from spending the winter in New York.

Miss L. Carr, Adolphustown, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Robbin, Ottawa.

Miss Gertrude Chalmers, Adolphustown, spent last week with her sister, Mrs. Hugh Milling, Morven.

Mr. Clarence Scott has secured a position on the Highway Construction in Prince Edward County.

Mr. W. J. Vandusen is in Toronto visiting his father, who is very ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Eadie and Mr. A. O. VanLuven removed to Ottawa this week.

Mrs. Perry Detlor left last week for Warren, Penn., to spend the summer.

Misses Lizzie and Ella VanSlyck left last week to spend the summer in Toronto.

Prof. D. M. Jemmett, of Queen's University, has been promoted from Assistant Professor in Engineering to full Professorship.

Mr. and Mrs. Swailes and Miss E. G. Stewart, of Brockville, and Mrs. Gowan and son, Milton, of Ottawa, were guests on Saturday of their sister, Mrs. J. G. Oliver.

DEATHS

File—At North Fredericksburgh, on Monday, May 7th, 1923, Armamelia Jane File, aged 75 years, 3 months, 4 days.

Grange—At Camden, on Monday, May 14th, 1923, Mrs. Robert Grange, aged 67 years, 7 months.

Sexsmith—At Syracuse, N.Y., on Tuesday, May 8th, Blanche Sexsmith.

Sherman—At Adolphustown, on Friday, May 11th, 1923, Morley Harold Sherman, aged 11 days.

Simpkins—At North Fredericksburgh, on Monday, May 7th, 1923, Henry Simpkins, in his 83rd year.

Wells—At Napanee, on Thursday, May 3rd, 1923, John Redford Wells, aged 83 years, 11 months.

In loving memory of our dear wife and mother, Mrs. Hattie Herron, who departed this life on May 16th, 1922.

Death often comes to let us know,
We love more dearly than we show;
But love and death shall let us see,
What love in life should always be.

Mr. E. Herron and daughter,
Mrs. G. A. Wallace.

Monday evening, about 10.30 o'clock the firemen had a run to box 26, at the English Church corner, where some "smart aleck" sent in a false alarm. Some day one of these smart guys will be caught, and it will be a jail term for them.

If you are looking for a good time on VICTORIA DAY, May 24th, to get it you will want to be in Picton's Big Victoria Day Celebration. It is going to be bigger and better than ever this year. You can not afford to miss this rare treat of an outing to Picton and all that it offers you. Baseball, Races and a Dance!

New Paint Shop.

Mr. Frank Markle has rented the Symington evaporator building at the foot of West street, and is fixing it up for a paint shop, for cars, motor boats, furniture, etc. Tops and trimmings of all kinds. Work guaranteed. 5-tf

"HOPEFULNESS"

Up in the town of Cochrane there are hundreds of your fellow citizens who find it hard to be hopeful after weeks of serious illness.

Many of the breadwinners of that town have been sorely stricken and will not be earning for months.

The Ontario Red Cross has undertaken to help these men and their families—is already helping.

Will you hold out a hand to these typhoid sufferers still in hospital or just struggling back to health in

COCHRANE

$75,000. is needed at once. Contributions should be sent to the Hon. Treasurer, Ontario Red Cross, 410 Sherbourne Street, Toronto.

ADELAIDE M. PLUMPTRE
President

(This advertisement is published gratis by this newspaper)

Make Your Old Car

Look like new, and do it yourself. Use Martin-Senour Automobile Enamel and you will be pleased with the result. Sold only at WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Women's Colored Lisle Hose, 59c. pair.

Mercerized Plain Lisle Hose, full fashioned, seamless, wide hem at top, double heels, sole and toes.

Colors Sand and Grey. Sizes 8½ to 10.

SINFUL EXTRAVAGANCE

A young Scotsman bought his mother a barometer as a present, and explained how she could tell if it was going to be wet or fine by inspecting the position of the hands.

"Ay," said his mother, "it's a fine thing; but you've been wasting your money laddie. What do you think Providence gave your father the rheumatics for?"

—Edinburgh Scotsman.

Collar and Cuff Sets, 50 and 75c. per Set.

New assortment of Collar and Cuff Sets, to wear with sweaters, are on display now at our neckwear counter.

These come in all the new, bright shades and are made from linen and ratine.

Our "May" Sale of Silk Waists has been planned for you, Mrs. Wise-Buyer.

50 Smart Attractive Styles go on Sale on Friday Morning Next at $3.95 Each.

To make this Sale possible we have chosen these waists from our regular stocks. Every garment is perfect in material and in manufacture. Their origin can be traced to the factories of our most responsible Canadian manufactures.

You will find these waists most satisfactory to wear with Spring and Summer Suits, with Separate Skirts and with Sport Sweaters.

Practically every style is obtainable, overblouses, tie-back, tuck-ins and tailored effects. Beadings, hand and machine embroideries, laces, tucks and artistic stitchings are used for ornamentation on these waists.

You can choose waists from Georgette, Crepe-de-chine, Satin and Tricolette.

Navy, Black, Biege, Maize, Grey, Brown, White, Flesh and Sand are the principal colors.

The assortment includes all sizes.

Not in years have we offered waists of similar qualities for so little money. In most cases the Sale Price does not cover the present price of materials.

REGULAR PRICES WERE

$5.50, $6.95, $7.95, $10.00, $11.25 and $12.50.

See our Window Display previous to Sale-Day.

Sale will continue on Saturday, May 19th.

For this Sale there will be no approvals—or no returns will be accepted. Choose your correct size.

WOMEN, WE HAVE A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF SPORTS' APPAREL. CHOOSE NOW FOR THE FIRST BIG HOLIDAY, MAY 24TH

PLEATED SLIPS AND SWEATERS ARE FASHIONABLE

Every woman will be wearing Sweaters this season. Never before have we offered such exclusive individual-looking sweaters. The styles in pull-overs, tuxedos and jaquettes are numerous and the colorings most glorious. The yarns used this year are a complete reformation from other seasons. Silk and Wool, Silk and Mohair, Mohair and Wool, are skilfully combined to produce excellent effects.

Bluebell, Mephisto, Golden Brown, Castor, Yellow, Scarlet, Jade, New Rose and Navy are the leading shades.

Priced at $3.39, $3.69, $4.69, $6.00, $7.50, $9.75 and $10.50.

SILK PLEATED SKIRTS

Are fashionable companions to Sweaters in the realm of sports' apparel. These garments come in very fine knife and very small box pleats. For summer wear they are made from Canton Crepes in a quality that is exceptionally heavy. These skirts are usually made with camisole tops and held in place by straps over the shoulders. Navy, Black and White are best for colors.

Priced $14.50, $15.00 and $18.50 each.

GINGHAM WEEK STARTS THURSDAY, MAY 17TH AND ENDS ON SATURDAY, MAY 26TH THIS YEAR

Commencing on the above date and ending on Saturday, May 26th, we are making special displays and are giving bargain prices on Ginghams. This is your time to buy as your savings are very generous.

At 19c. yd. 25 in. and 27 in. wide fast color Ginghams, values up to 30c. yd. in shades of Pink, Sky, Green, Mauve, Black. The patterns come in small checks and plaids.

At 25c. yd. 27 in. wide, fast color Ginghams in a large range of patterns to choose from. These come in various size checks, plaids and plain shades of Pink, Green, Mauve, Sky, Cadet and Tan shades. These are regular 30c. values. For school dresses this line will give splendid satisfaction.

At 33c. yd., 32 in. wide, fast color Ginghams, values up to 40c. yd. in the desirable shades of Pink, Sky, Green, Tan and Mauve. The patterns come in checks, plaids also plain shades, a most desirable fabric for House Dresses.

At 50c. yd., 38 in. wide, 60c. value fine quality, fast color English Zephyr in small checks and one inch two stripe cross bar patterns. The shades are Cadet, Green, Mauve and Tan. This line makes up very nicely for street wear.

At 38c. yd., 32 in. wide, 45c. value, Anderson's Scotch Fast Color Zephyrs, suitable for house or street wear. They come in the desirable checks and plain shades to match, of Tan, Yellow, Pink, Sky, Cadet, Green and Mauve, a most desirable wash Zephyr.

At 54c. yd., 32 in. wide, Duro Dye Zephyrs and Tissue Ginghams, regular 65c. values. The Duro Dye Zephyrs come in checks of Blue and Mauve on White. The Tissue Ginghams come in plaids, shades such as Blue and Tan and Rose and Grey.

At $1.00 yd., 40 in. wide, $1.25 value, Duro Dye Sun and Tub Fast Zephyrs, the most satisfactory of all wash fabrics, the Tub Fast Zephyrs, they can be had in plain shades of Cadet, Lavender, Pink and checks of Blue and White, Yellow and White with Black line overcheck. The plain shades are used for curtains or dresses, the colors remain always bright and new in appearance.

Remember the date, Gingham Week lasts from Thursday, May 17th, until Saturday, May 26th.

GINGHAM WEEK IN OUR WOMEN'S READY-TO-WEAR DEPARTMENT

SPECIAL DISCOUNT OF 10 PER CENT. ON WOMEN'S, MISSES' AND GIRLS' GINGHAM DRESSES.

In conjunction with our Wash Goods Department, we are recognizing "Gingham Week" by giving a discount of 10 per cent. to all women who buy Gingham Dresses for themselves or their daughters during Gingham Week, May 17th to May 26th.

We have now our complete stock of Gingham house-dresses, porch dresses, resort-dresses and street-dresses. All the new styles and best colorings are obtainable.

We have also our complete stock of Children's Gingham wash dresses. These come in sizes from 2 years to 14 years. Our range of Pantie-Frock dresses in sizes from 2 to 6 years is wonderfully complete.

We invite you to choose during Gingham Week. Take complete advantage of our liberal discounts.

STYLISH SKIRTING MATERIALS 54 IN. WIDE, SPECIAL PER YARD, $2.98

We are offering at this very special price the season's newest ideas in skirting material. Stripes and plaids are featured in Botany Serge and light weight Velour, choice of narrow and wide stripe effects. A very pleasing assortment to choose from. Regular values $3.75 to $4.50 per yd.

150 YARDS TU-TANK-HA-MEN CREPE ON SALE $1.98 PER YARD

Your choice of 10 different designs and colorings. There is at the present time a steady demand for these popular fabrics and the present opportunity will allow you to buy at a saving.

If you have an odd skirt to which you may like to add crepe as a combination, you will be pleased with this assortment.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS IN FULL ASSORTMENT FOR THE 24TH MAY HOLIDAY AND SUMMER

We feel sure you will be delighted with the big variety of splendid values we have secured for your Summer needs in Hosiery, Underwear, Shirts, Neckwear, Hats, Caps, Belts etc., and we are very willing to give you every help possible in your selection. If we have not just what you want, we will get it for you.

Two Very Special Sale Items For Week Beginning Thursday, May 17th, Hosiery and Neckwear.

Item 1—Men's Silkoline Hose—20 dozen, sizes 10, 10½ and 11. Warranted to retain their lustre. Colors Sand, Navy, Black, White and Grey. Regular 50c. value, Sale Price 3 for $1.00.

Item 2—10 dozen Men's Silk Neckwear in the newest shades. The quality and colorings everything that could be desired. Only 120 in the lot. Regular $1.25 and $1.00 values, Sale Price 75c.

60 PAIRS OF MEN'S ODD TROUSERS

Values up to $5.00—Our price $3.50.

These are piled out on table in centre of our Men's Store for your quick selection. Sizes range from 31 up to 44. Plain Greys and Grey stripes predominate.

OUTING TROUSERS in Grey Flannel, Grey Homespun, mixed Irish Donegals and Palm Beach, made in the latest style. Prices $3.95, $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00.

4-PIECE GOLF SUITS, $30.00—Coat, waistcoat, knickerbockers and regulation trousers. The knickerbockers separate are $5.00.

Quality, Service, Value.

THE ROBINSON CO., LIMITED

We close at 10 p.m. Saturdays. Other days at 5.30 p.m.